

SUNDAY, APRIL 26, 2026

Announcing the Winners of HEI Awards and Fellowships

Rosenblith Award



Amelia Wesselink
Boston University School
of Public Health

Jane Warren Award



Abhishek Anand
Columbia
University

Jane Warren Award



Yi-Ling Cheng
University of
Illinois Chicago

Jane Warren Award



Samuel Cliff
University of
California, Berkeley

Jane Warren Award



Jonah Hazelwood
North Carolina
State University

Jane Warren Award



Anna Oehlerking
Northwestern
University

Jane Warren Award



Kyan Kuo Shlipak
Northwestern
University

HEI Summer Fellowship

A 10-week summer fellowship program with a stipend of \$8,000 that pairs highly qualified undergraduate students (rising juniors and seniors) with volunteer mentors in the United States.

Opportunity to gain hands-on environmental health research experience to build skills and explore potential career pathways.

Students prepare a research proposal, present their work, and engage in professional development seminars.

In partnership with ISEE and ISES, with generous support from the American Chemistry Council, Burroughs Wellcome Fund, and individual donors.



Summer Fellowship – Applications

	2023 Inaugural Year	2024	2025	2026
Applications	52	81	168	197
<i>Rising Juniors</i>	29	36	80	98
<i>Rising Seniors</i>	23	45	88	99
Number of Institutions	30	48	96	103
Number of States	16	14	30	31
Volunteer Mentors	17	20	26	34
Cohort Size	7 fellows	8 fellows	9 fellows	8 fellows

5% acceptance rate

Applications are reviewed based on motivation, skills, experience, and need for the opportunity.

Fellows come from majors primarily in the sciences, such as public health, environmental science, biology, chemistry, geography, and health informatics. Handful of majors outside of the sciences, such as economics, mathematics, and law.

Steady growth of the program over time.

Summer Fellowship 2026



Lydia Lung
Johns Hopkins
University

Mentor: Elena Colicino,
*Icahn School of
Medicine*



Dalia Zizumbo
Northeastern
University

Mentor: Robin
Dodson, *Silent Spring
Institute*



**Gabriela Van
Ausdale**
Pitzer College

Mentor: Heather Holmes,
University of Utah



Sheila McKinney
Howard University

Mentor: Shiwen Li,
*University of Hawaii at
Manoa*



Sydney Ma
University of
California, Davis

Mentor: Jiachen Zhang,
*University of Southern
California*



Casey Coutin
University of
California, Berkeley

Mentor: Guanyu Huang,
Stony Brook University



Sophia Mao
University of Illinois
Chicago

Mentor: John Molitor,
Oregon State University



Gwyn Munroe
Mount Holyoke
University

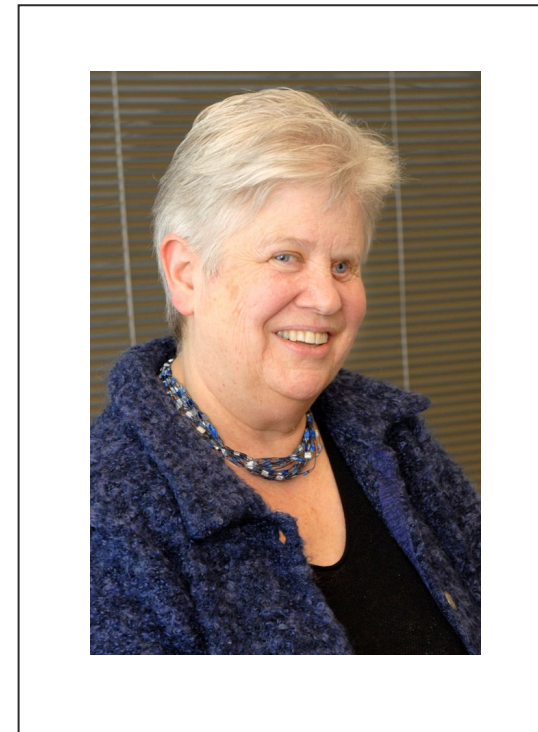
Mentor: Gary
Adamkiewicz, *Harvard
T.H. Chan School of
Public Health*

HEI Jane Warren Award

The Jane Warren Award supports early career graduate students and postdocs in attending and presenting at the HEI Annual Conference.

Up to 3 local researchers and 3 researchers based anywhere in the United States are selected each year for the award. The award covers registration costs for all awardees plus travel and accommodations for non-local winners. Winners present their work in a lightning talk and poster session during the conference.

The award is named in remembrance of Dr. Jane Warren who led HEI's scientific activities as the Director of Science from 1999 until her retirement in 2008.





Mapping Two Decades of High-Resolution PM_{2.5} Exposure and Health Impacts in Ghana Using Satellite Measurements and Machine Learning

April 26th, 2026

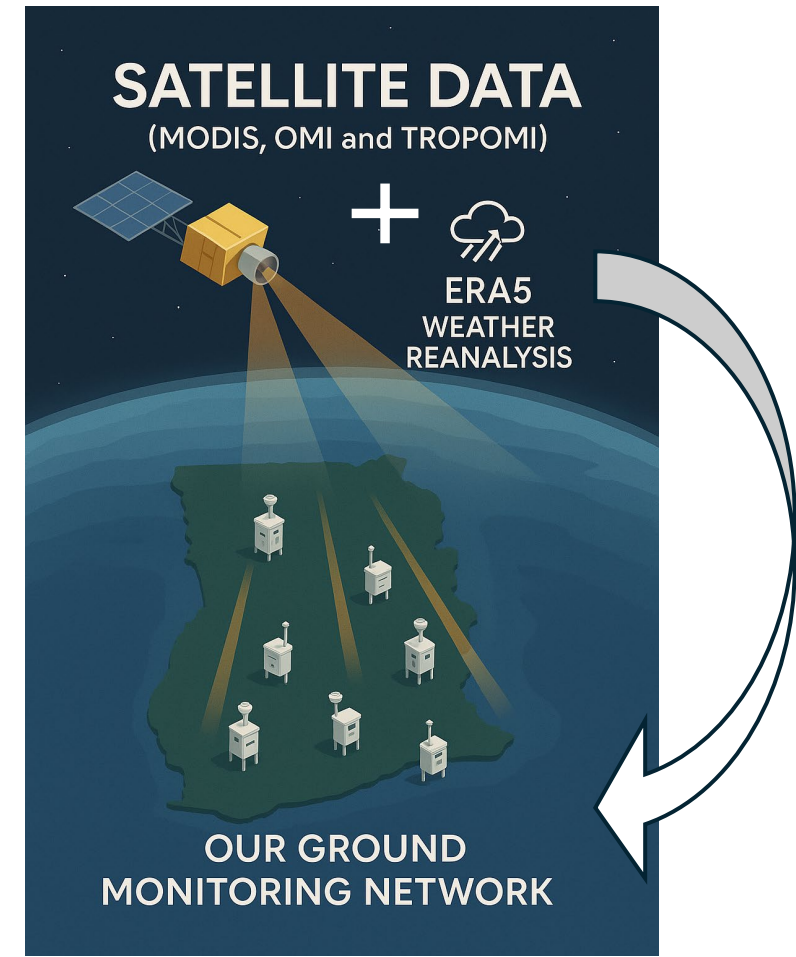
Abhishek Anand, Postdoctoral Research Scientist

Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory, Columbia University

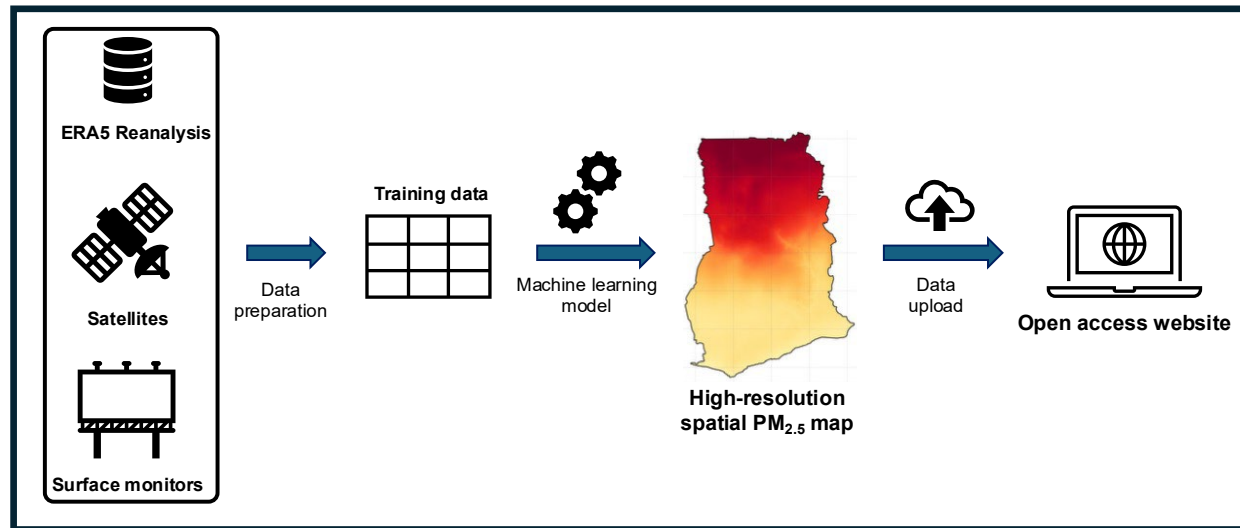
A scalable framework for data-sparse regions

1. Utilize open-access remote sensing and reanalysis datasets
2. Add more surface monitors (low-cost)
3. Expand predictor features to capture formation and dispersion of ambient $PM_{2.5}$

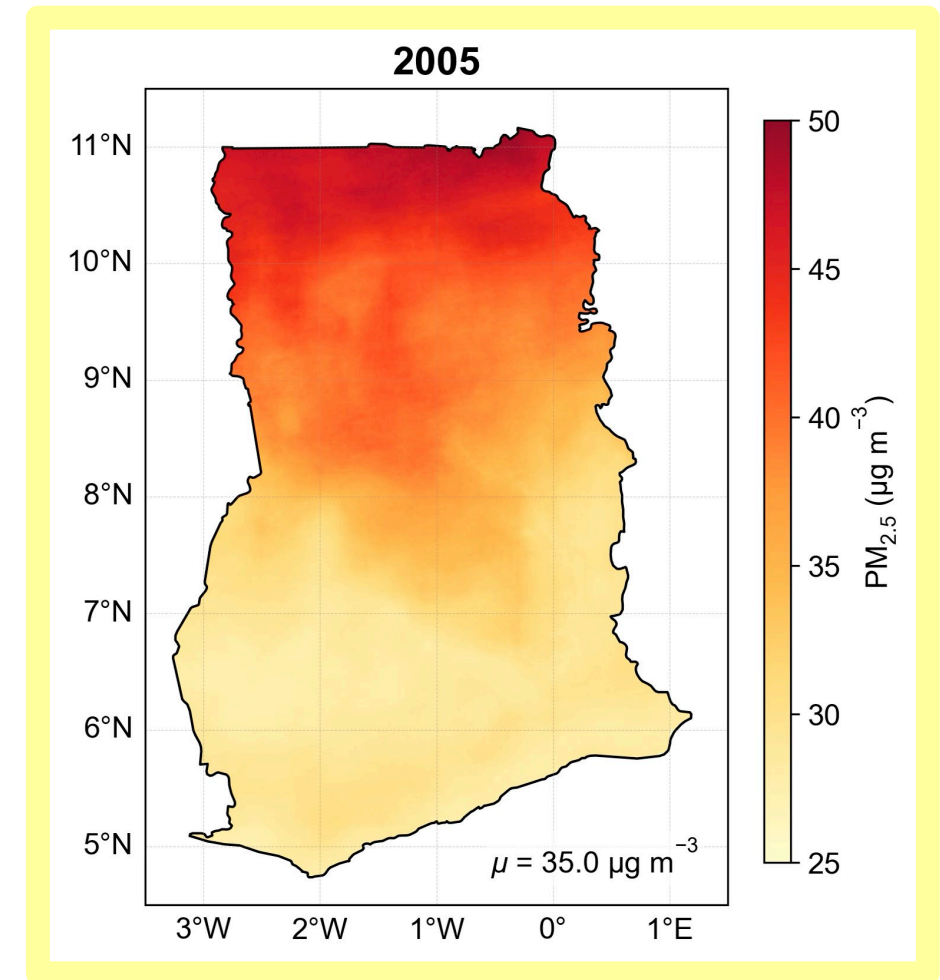
Daily Level $PM_{2.5}$ at **1 km resolution**
~ **f** (satellite & reanalysis datasets)



Model building & dataset specifications

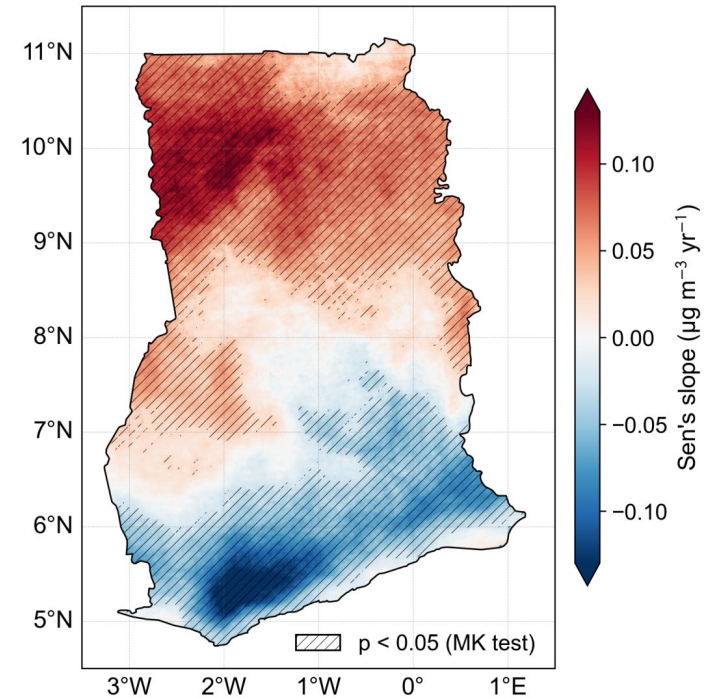
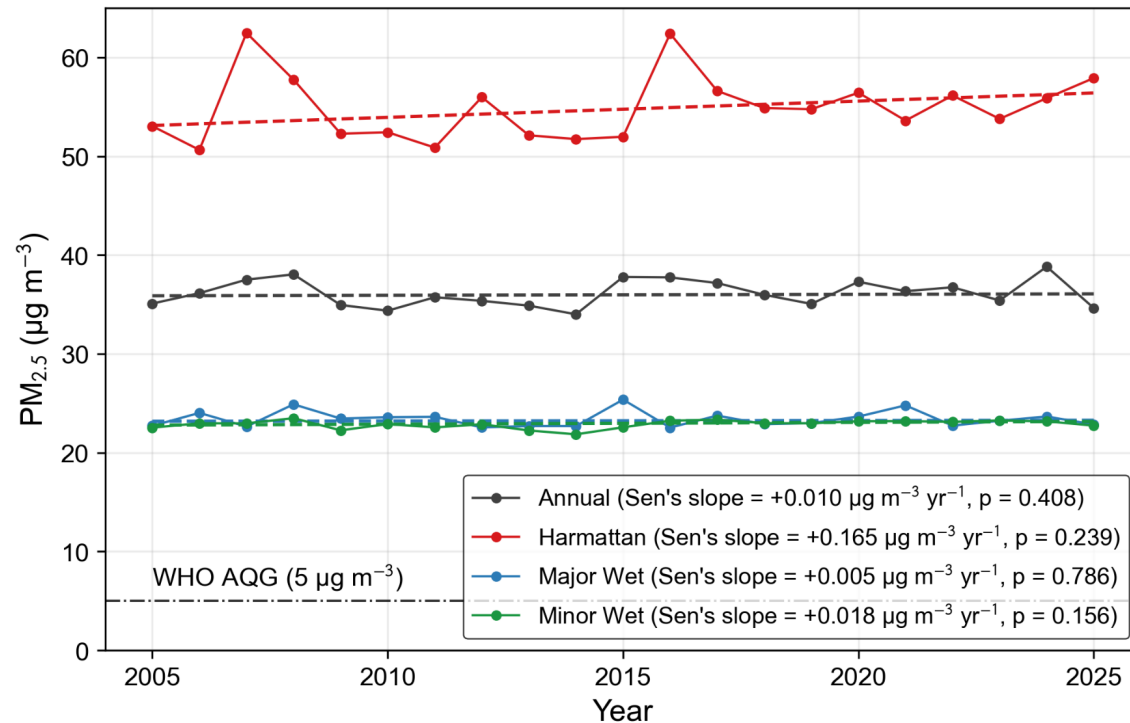


- Finalized model: eXtreme Gradient Boosting
- Time period: **2005–2025**
- Temporal resolution: **Daily**
- Spatial resolution: **1 km × 1 km**
- Spatiotemporally complete (data imputation)



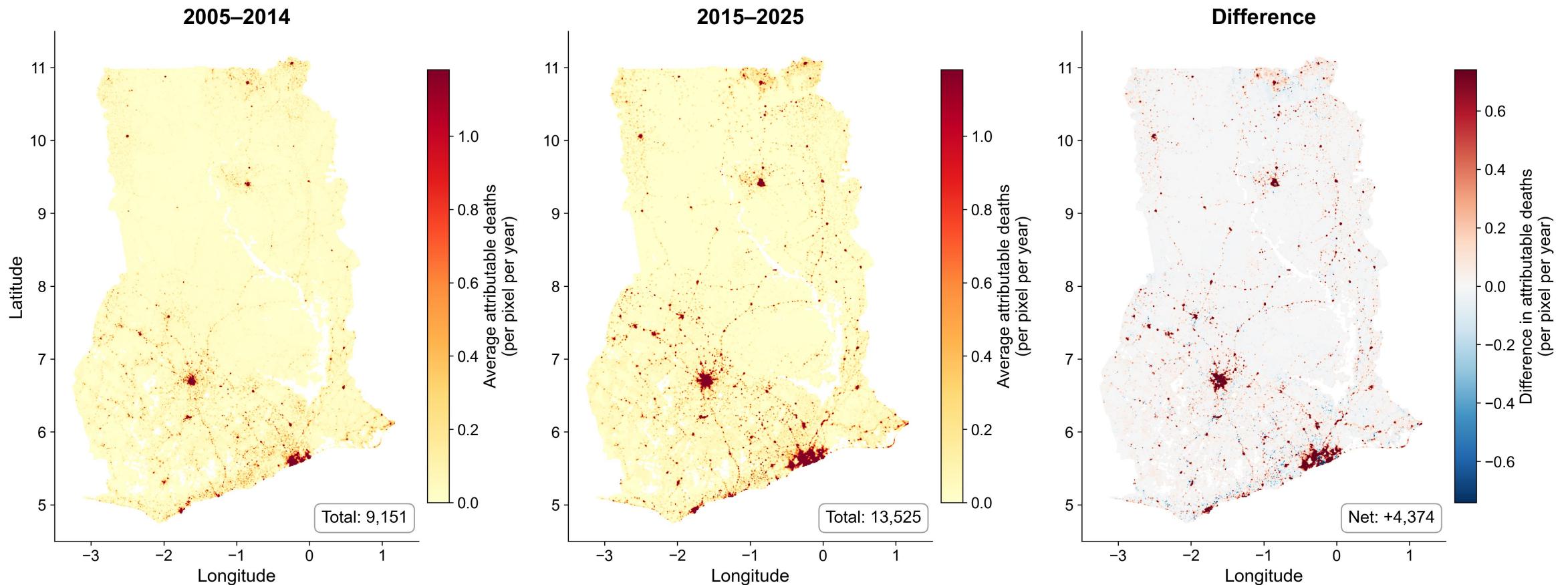
Spatiotemporal distribution of PM_{2.5} in Ghana

- No statistically significant change in annual mean PM_{2.5} was observed in Ghana.
- There is a widening North-South disparity in PM_{2.5} exposure.



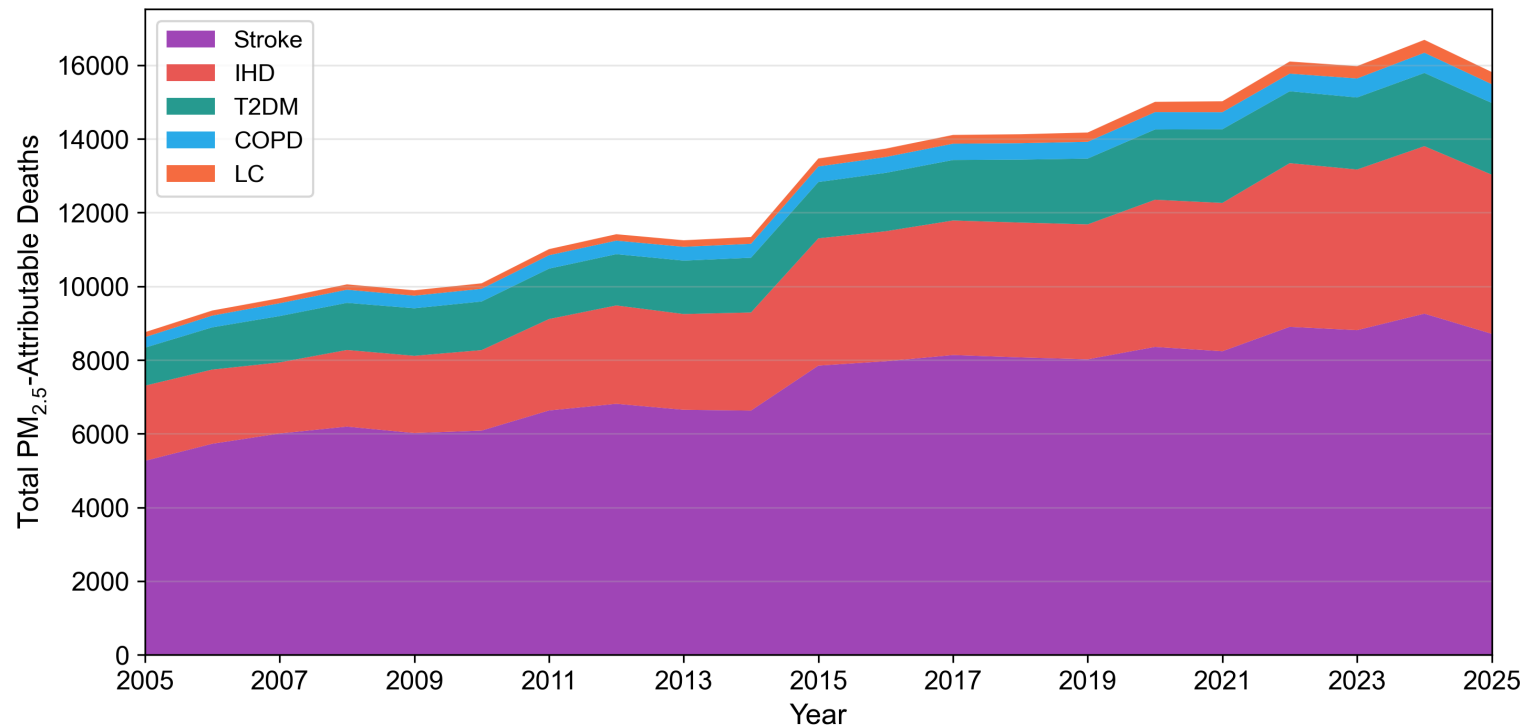
PM_{2.5}-attributed adult mortalities

Used the Meta-Regression—Bayesian, Regularized (MR-BRT) method developed by Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation



PM_{2.5}-attributed adult mortalities

- **Allows quantification of disease-specific mortalities associated with PM_{2.5} exposure.**
- **Diseases:** Stroke, Ischemic Heart Disease (IHD), Type-2 Diabetes Mellitus (T2DM), Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) and Lung Cancer (LC).



Thank you!



**CLEAN
AIR
FUND**



**Kintampo Health
Research Centre**



And many more local collaborators from Ghana...



Modeling Truck-Attributable PM_{2.5} and Health Risks in Little Village, Chicago, Pre- and Post-COVID-19

Yi-Ling Cheng, PhD Student
Division of Environmental and Occupational Health Sciences
School of Public Health | University of Illinois Chicago
HEI Annual Conference 2026 | April 26, Chicago, IL

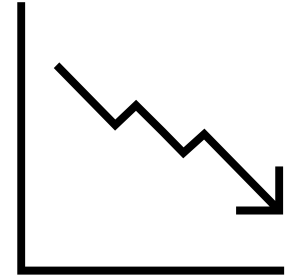
How we estimated truck PM_{2.5} concentration



Truck Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) in Cook County between 2019 and 2023 ↓

PM_{2.5}
Emissions

PM_{2.5}
Concentrations



Trends of estimated truck PM2.5 concentration

“

Truck emissions decreased, but
**pollution hotspots and inequities
persisted.”**



How does the reduction affect health?

Age 35+

0.60

preventable premature
deaths/yr

(95% CI: 0.28-0.92)

→ \$5.2 M/yr

Age 65+

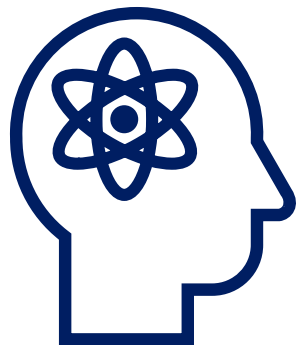
0.12

preventable premature
deaths/yr

(95% CI: 0.1-0.13)

→ \$0.97 M/yr

What's next?



Data-adaptive exposure prediction modeling

- Scalable **truck-attributable emission $PM_{2.5}$ exposure modeling** (MOVES-AERMOD+ machine-learning models)
- Evaluate **targeted mitigation in EJ communities**



Expand study populations to broader Chicago area

- **Expand age groups**
- Include **additional health endpoints**

Acknowledgement



UNIVERSITY OF
ILLINOIS CHICAGO

School of Public Health



ENGINEERING

Civil, Materials, and
Environmental Engineering



Illinois Department
of Transportation



Illinois Environmental
Protection Agency



UNIVERSITY OF
ILLINOIS CHICAGO

Thank you!



Poster Session 1 @3:30-5PM

Poster #3

Hope to see you there! 😊

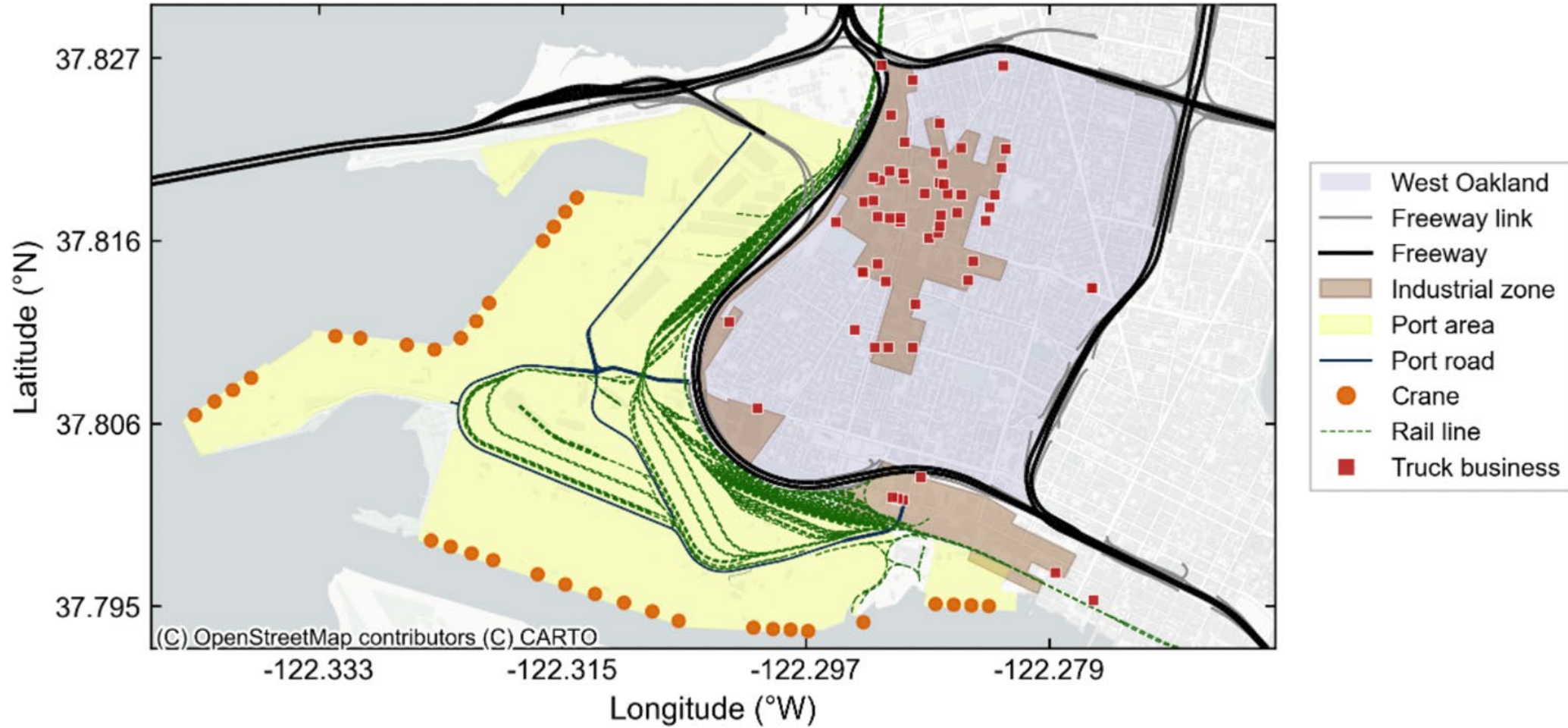
West Oakland, CA: A Decade of Air Quality Improvements sensed through mobile monitoring

Dr. Sam Cliff

Postdoctoral Researcher
University of California Berkeley



West Oakland community




California air pollution mitigation strategies

Truck and Bus Regulation





Assembly Bill 617



OWNING OUR AIR
The West Oakland Community Action Plan – Volume 1: The Plan
October 2019

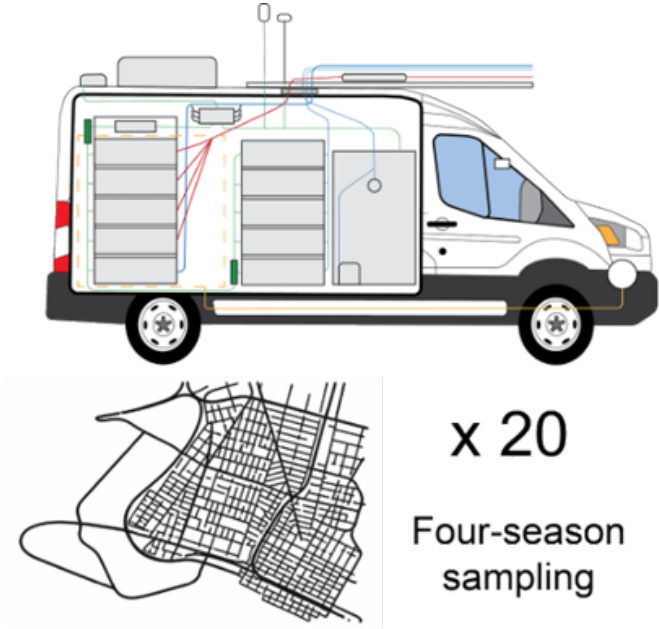
A joint project of the Bay Area Air Quality Management District and West Oakland Environmental Indicators Project

 BAY AREA AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

 West Oakland Environmental Indicators Project
know which way the wind blows

The complex block contains a collage of four images: a group of people looking at a map, a traffic jam on a highway, a line of trucks, and a woman using an inhaler. Below the collage is the title 'OWNING OUR AIR' in large blue letters, followed by the subtitle 'The West Oakland Community Action Plan – Volume 1: The Plan' and the date 'October 2019'. At the bottom, there are logos for the Bay Area Air Quality Management District and the West Oakland Environmental Indicators Project, with the tagline 'know which way the wind blows'.

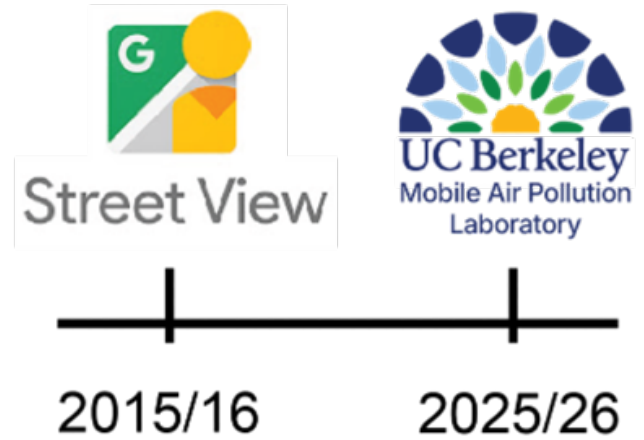
Mobile measurements strategy



Repeatedly sample air pollution in community with mobile measurements



Generate high spatial resolution concentration maps



Conduct a decade apart and study changes

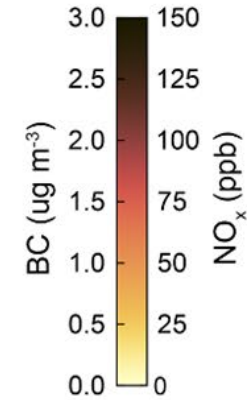
Data products: concentration changes by 30m road segment

Black Carbon

2015/16

2025/26

Difference (2025/26 - 2015/16)

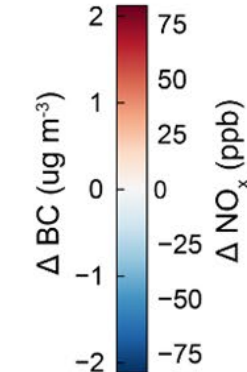


NO_x

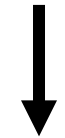
2015/16

2025/26

Difference (2025/26 - 2015/16)



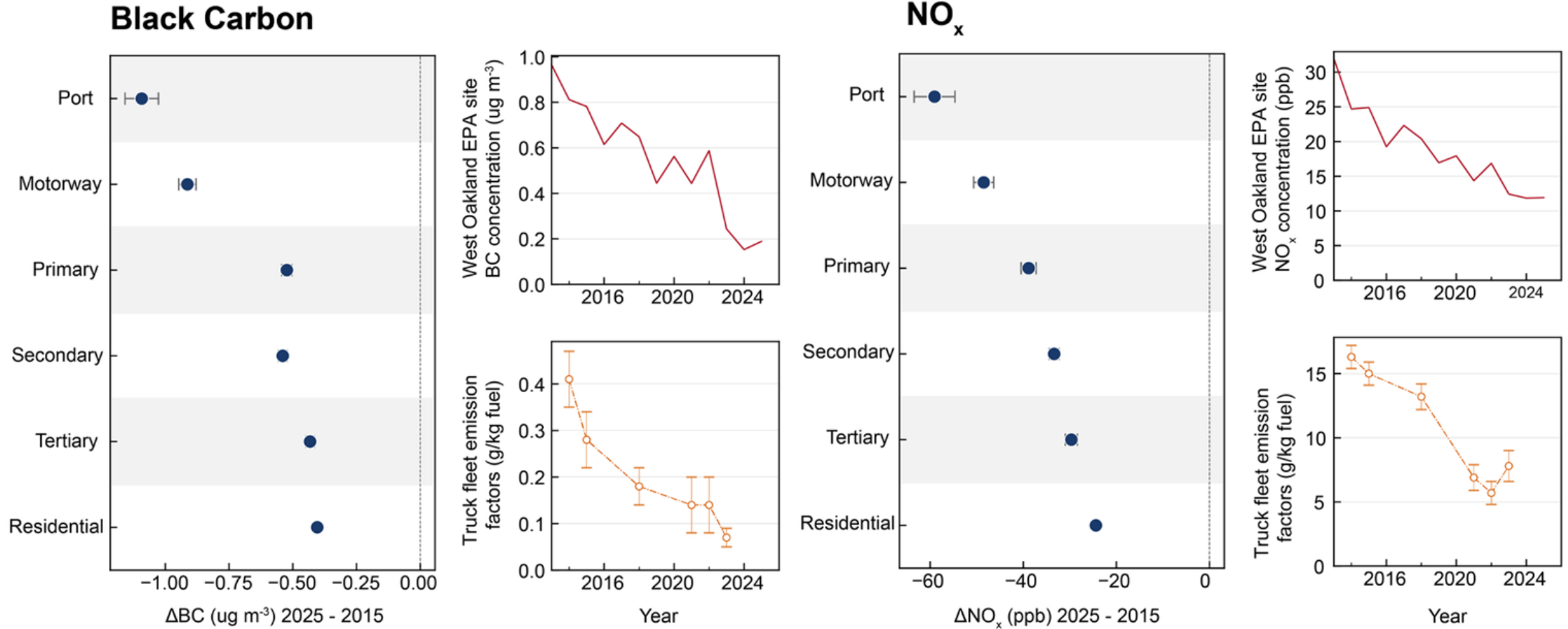
High density residential



60%

What has changed in the last decade? – Truck emissions regulations

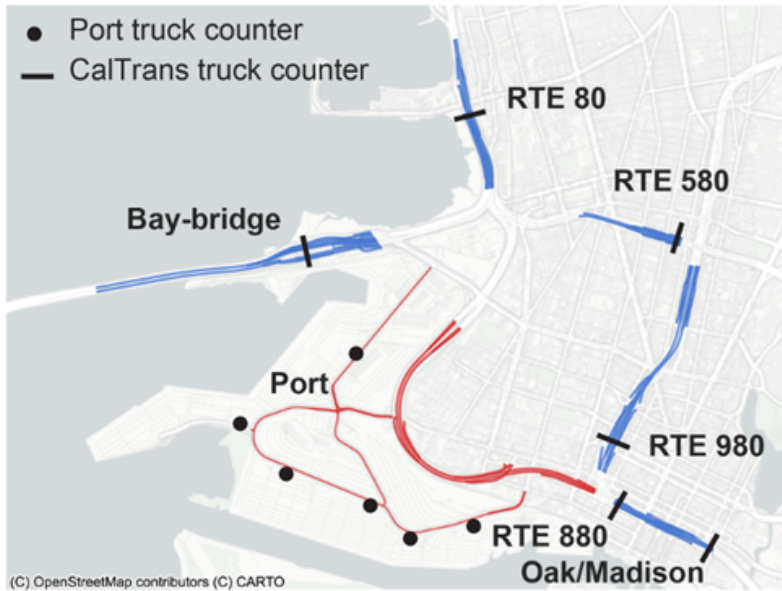
Truck emissions regulations are the major reason for exposure reductions



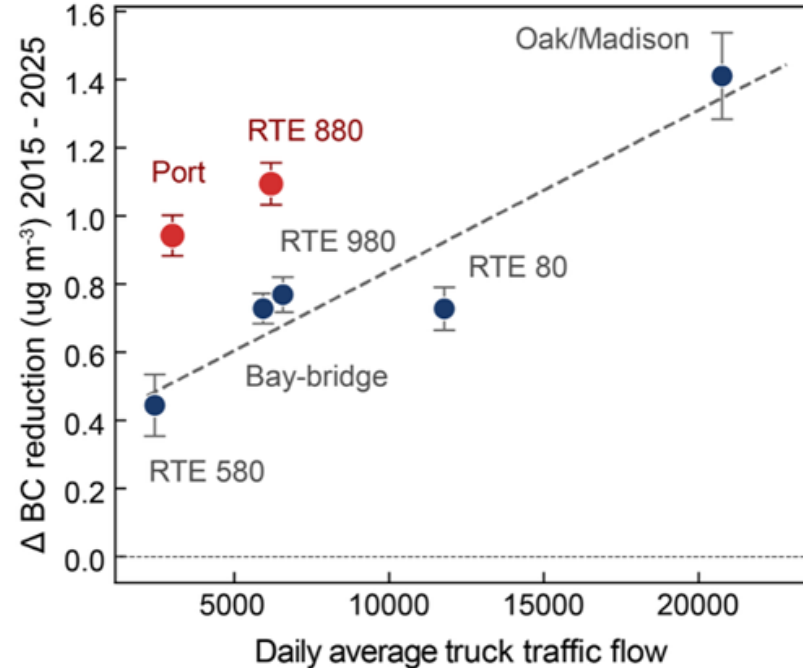
What has changed in the last decade? – AB617 port investments

AB617 investments: \$40+ million into upgrading diesel-powered port equipment

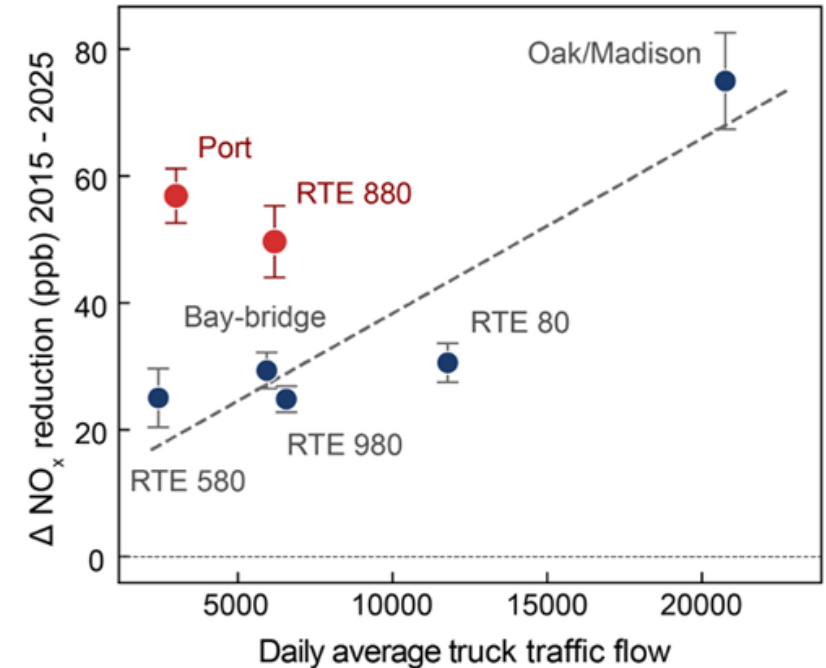
Freeways and traffic counters



Black carbon



NO_x



Mapping the spatial distribution of sub-10 nm particles in Raleigh, NC

Jonah Hazelwood¹

Contributing Authors: Nicholas Meskhidze¹, Lintong Cai²,
Stephanie Bachman¹, Markus Petters²

¹ *North Carolina State University*

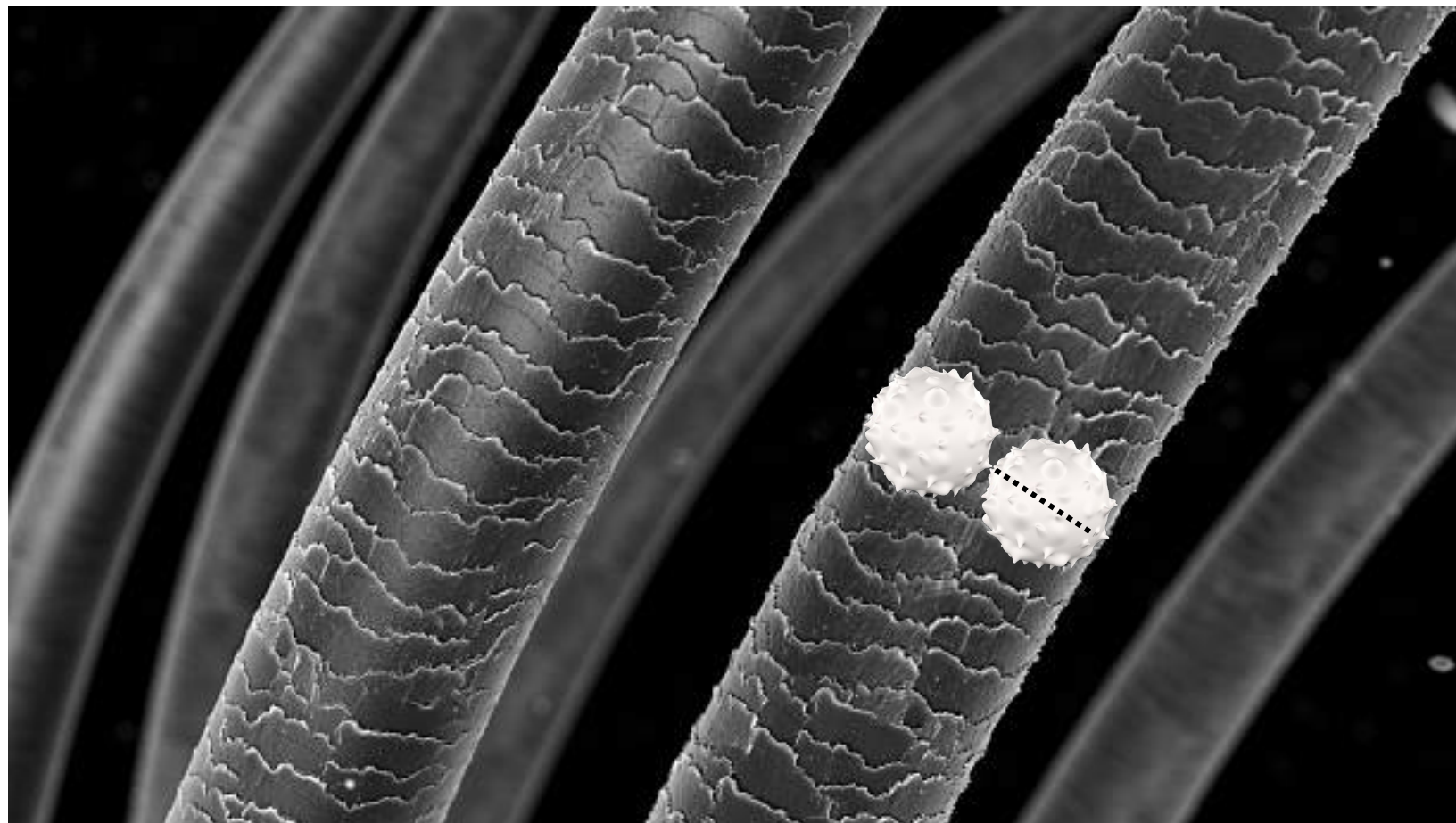
² *University of California, Riverside*

Perspective of Size

Human Hair: 50 μm

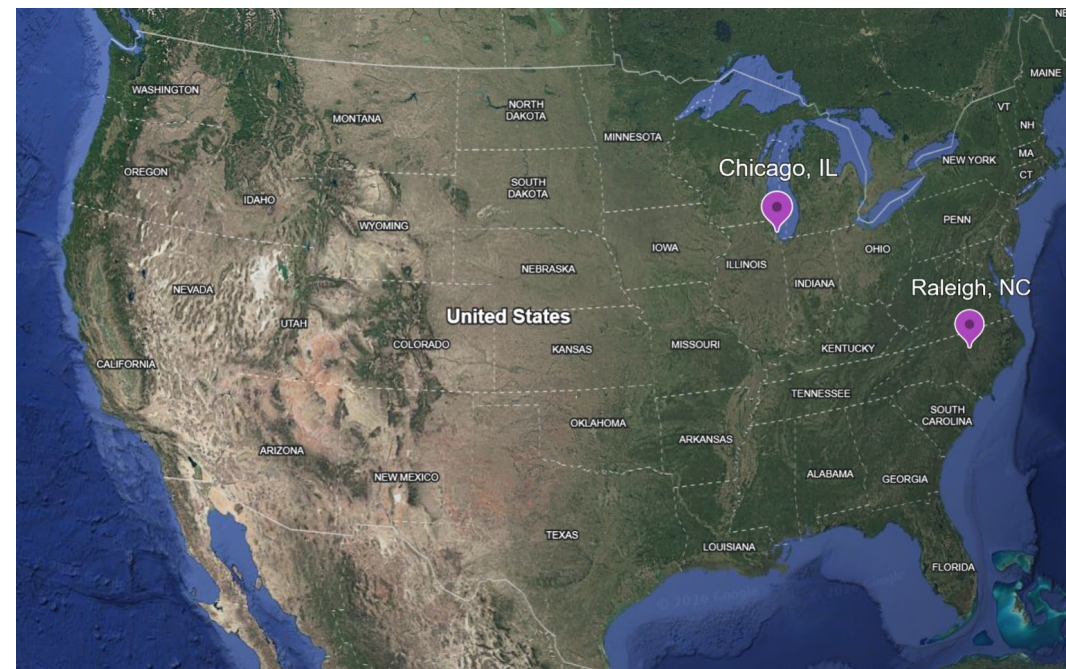
White Blood Cell: 25 μm

**5000 10-nm
particles to equal 1
human hair!**



Objective

- Map the spatiotemporal distribution of sub-10 nm particles across Raleigh, NC
- Identify hotspots of sub-10 nm particles
- Source Attribution

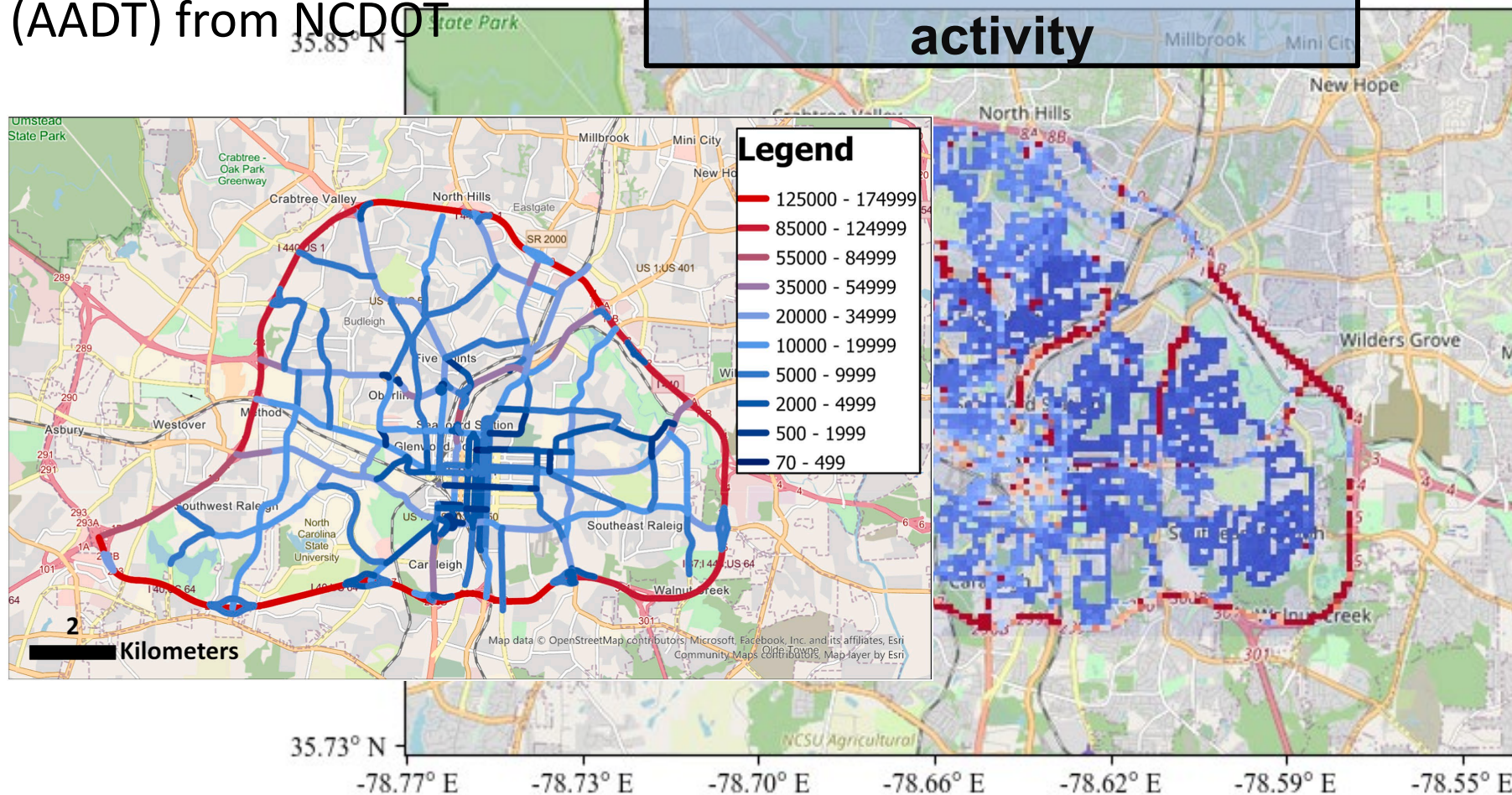


Results

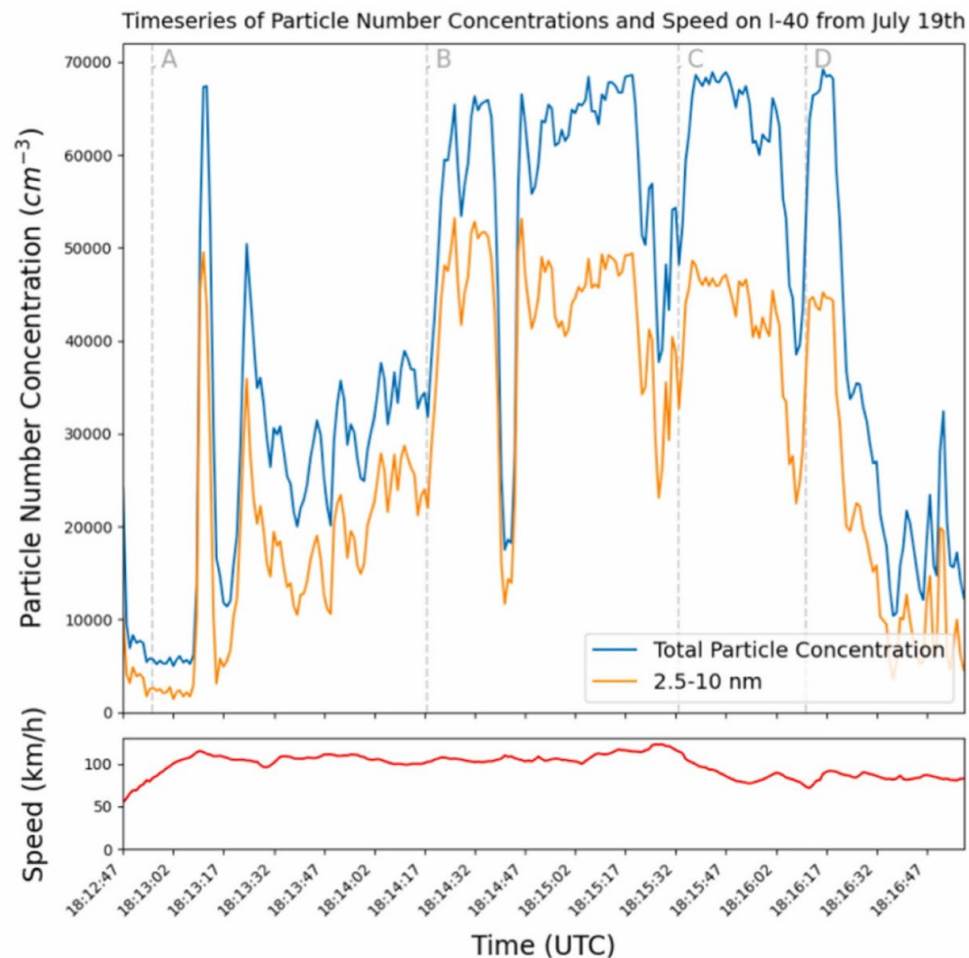
Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) from NCDOT

*** 2.5-10 nm particle concentrations are dominated by vehicle emissions and traffic activity**

Gridded averages of 2.5-10 nm concentrations for all research drives



Results



*** • High-emission events are closely * correlated with diesel vehicles**

*** More than 70% of total particle number is 2.5-10 nm**

*** Concs. drop to background a short distance from the interstate**



*** Next: Diesel Additive Impacts on * sub-10 nm Emissions**

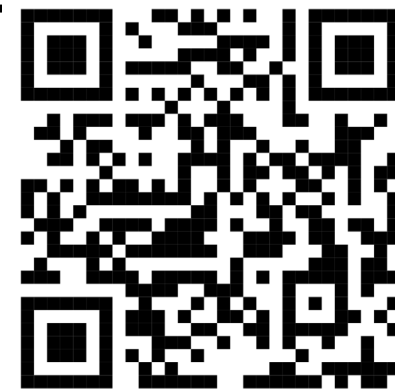
Conclusions

- 2.5-10 nm particle concentrations are dominated by vehicle emissions and traffic activity
- High-emission events are closely correlated with diesel vehicles
- More than 70% of total particle number is 2.5-10 nm
- Concentrations drop to background a short distance from the interstate

jdhazelw@ncsu.edu



This paper



Hazelwood et al., 2026

Related Papers



Bachman et al., 2026



Cai et al., 2026

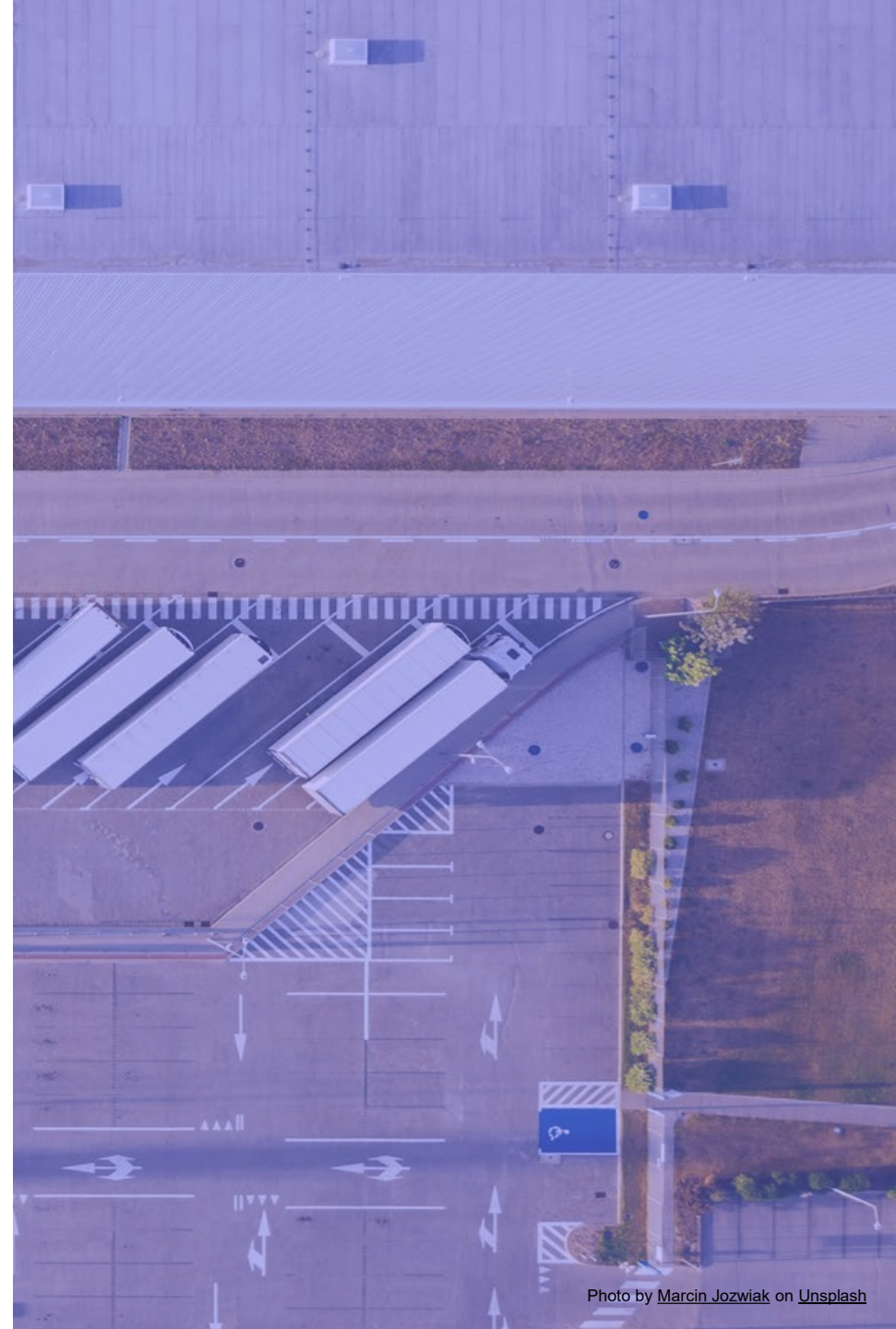
References

- Chen, Y., Gu, P., Schulte, N., Zhou, X., Mara, S., Croes, B. E., et al. (2022). A new mobile monitoring approach to characterize community-scale air pollution patterns and identify local high pollution zones. *Atmospheric Environment*, 272, 118936. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.atmosenv.2022.118936>
- Rader, D. J., & Marple, V. A. (1988). A Study of the Effects of Anisokinetic Sampling. *Aerosol Science and Technology*, 8(3), 283–299. <https://doi.org/10.1080/02786828808959190>
- ur Rahman, M. (2021). Chapter 2 - Sources of nanomaterials. In M. B. Tahir, M. Sagir, & A. M. Asiri (Eds.), *Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Characterization, Hazards and Safety* (pp. 15–29). Elsevier. <https://doi.org/10.1016/B978-0-12-823823-3.00007-0>
- Shin, D., Kim, Y., Joe, Y.-H., Lee, G., Hong, K., Park, I., et al. (2022). Development of a sampling probe with a small non-isokinetic sampling error in variable flow velocity environments. *Aerosol Science and Technology*, 56(10), 906–916. <https://doi.org/10.1080/02786826.2022.2100241>

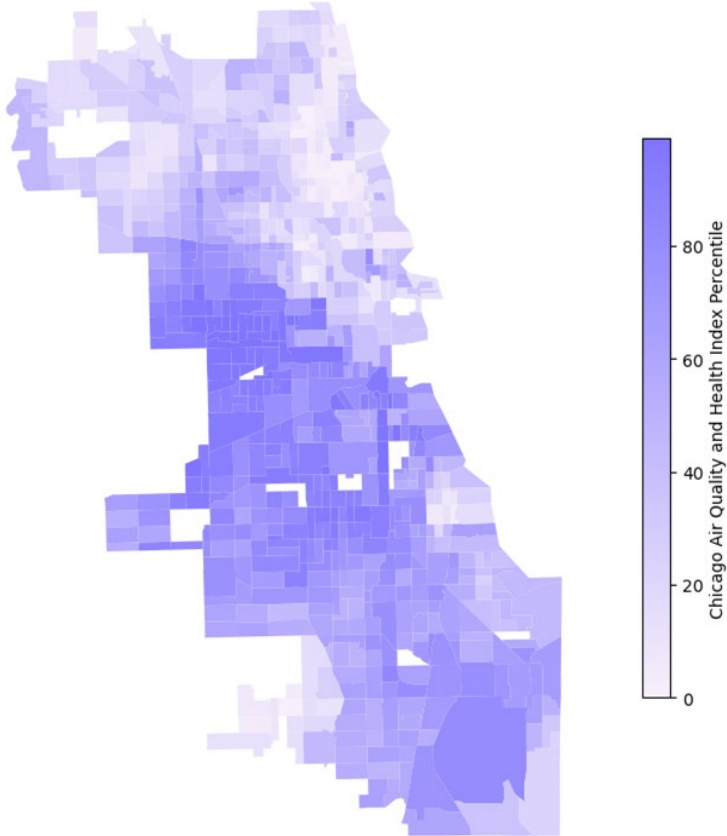


Development of an Emissions Inventory for Illinois Warehouses for Modeling the Implementation of an Indirect Source Rule

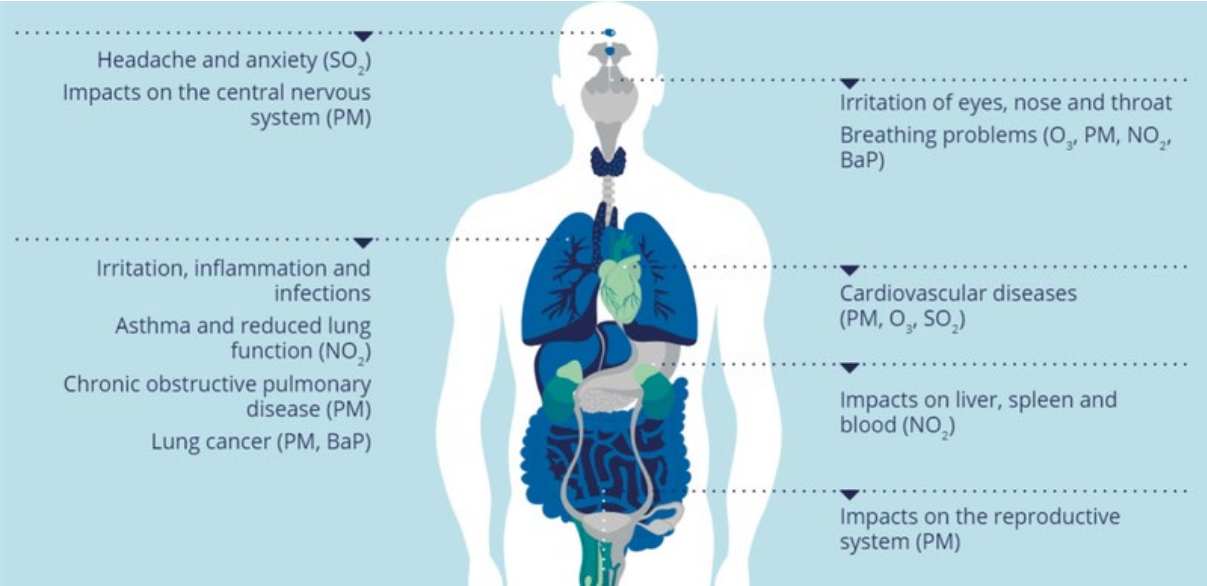
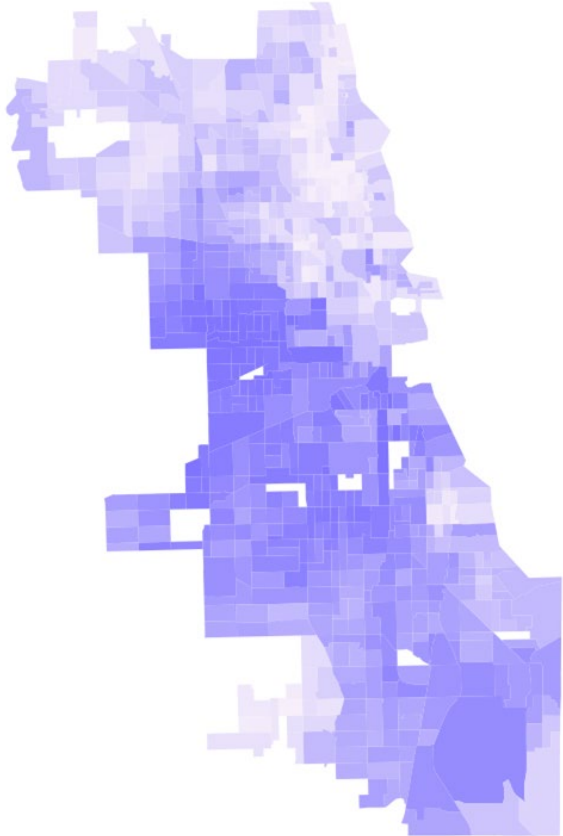
Anastasia Oehlerking¹, Victoria Lang¹, Samuel Becker², Robert Weinstock³, and Daniel Horton¹



Community-Level Air Quality Inequities



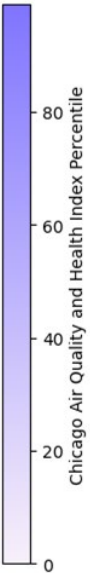
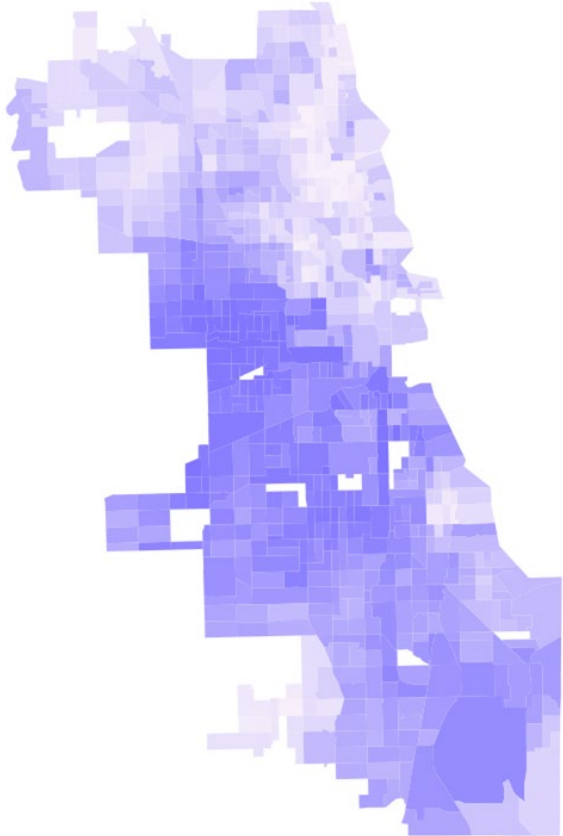
Community-Level Air Quality Inequities



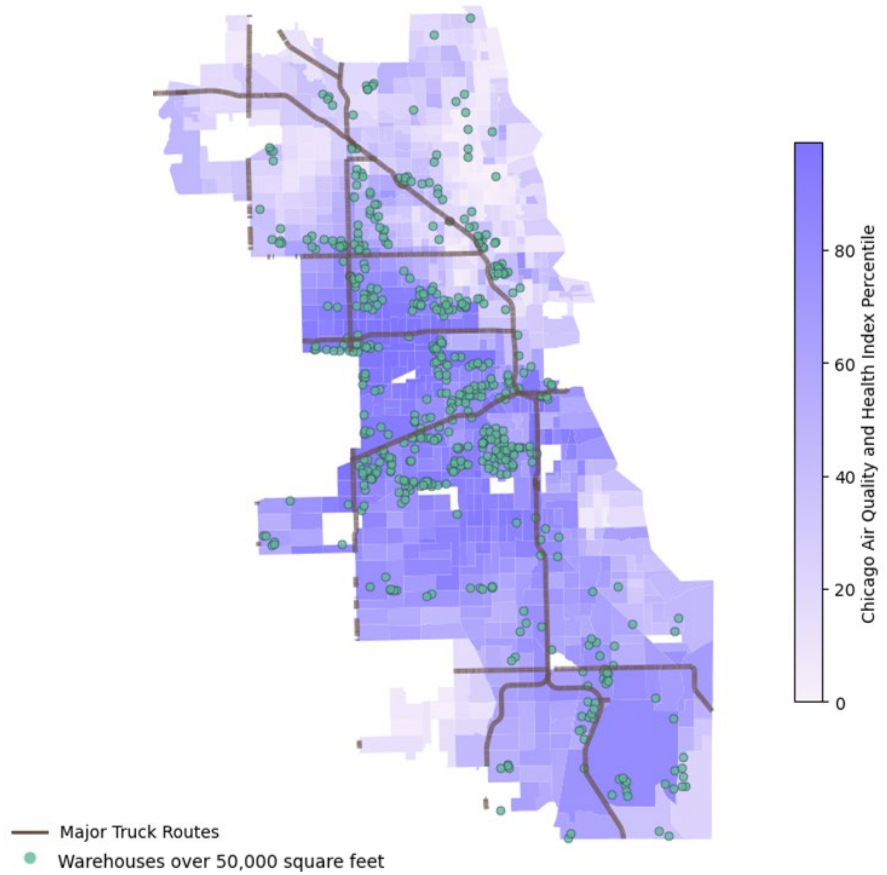
Source: European Environment Agency



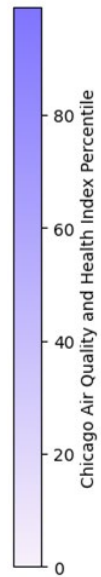
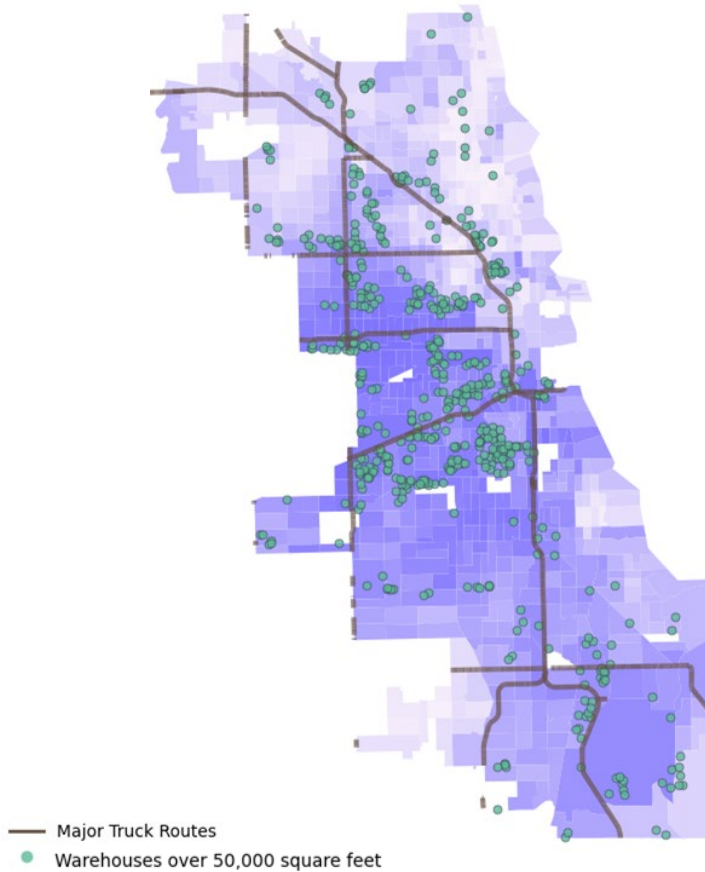
Warehousing Emissions



Warehousing Emissions



Warehousing Emissions and Policy Solutions



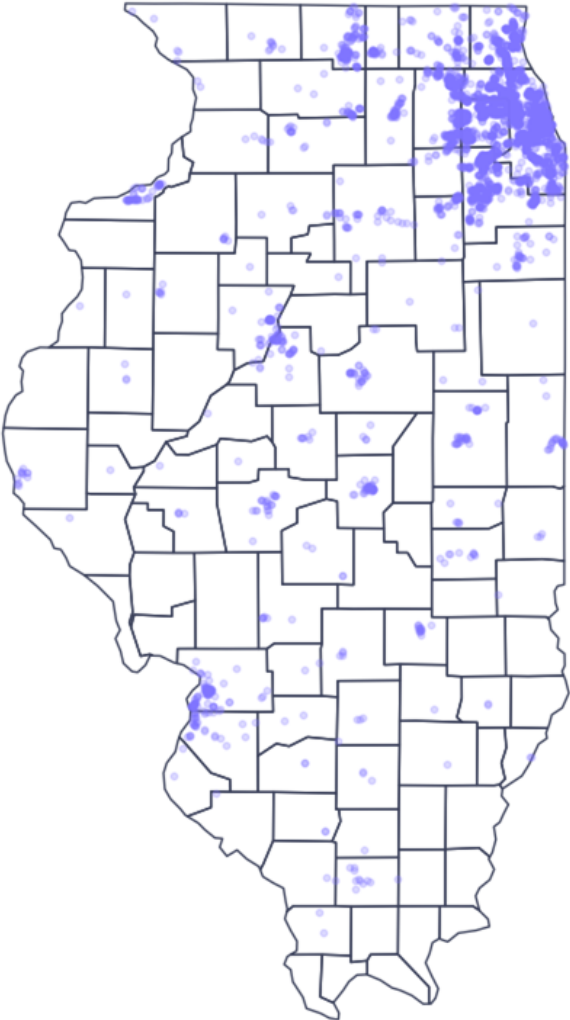
Indirect Source Rule (ISR)



Warehouse Pollution Reduction Act (WPRRA)



Project Methodology

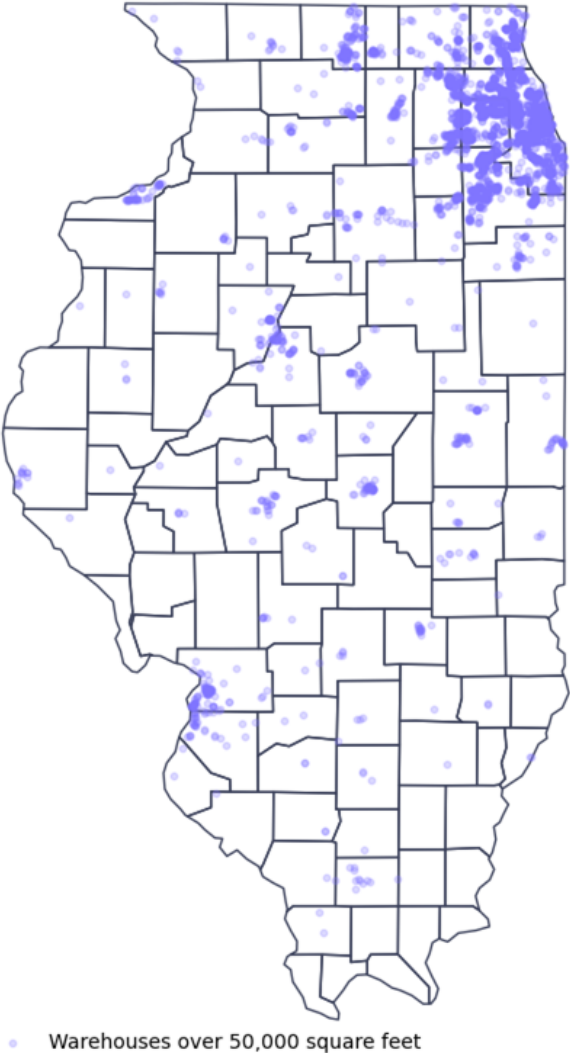


• Warehouses over 50,000 square feet



Project Methodology

Warehouse Emissions = *Medium- and Heavy-Duty Trucks*
+ *On-Site Vehicles*
+ *On-Site Building-Level Fuel Use*
+ *Truck Refrigeration Units (TRUs)*

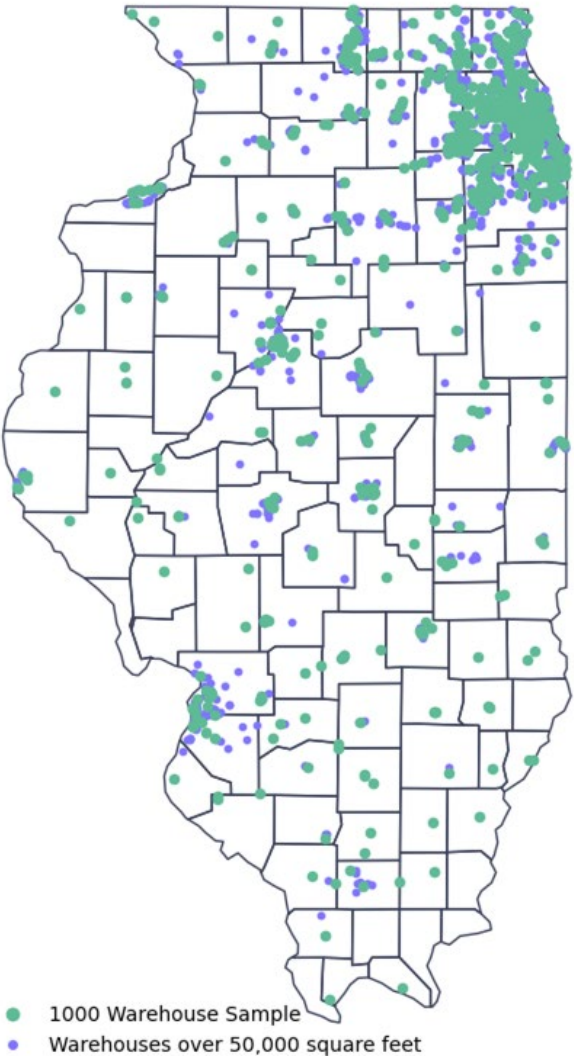


Project Methodology

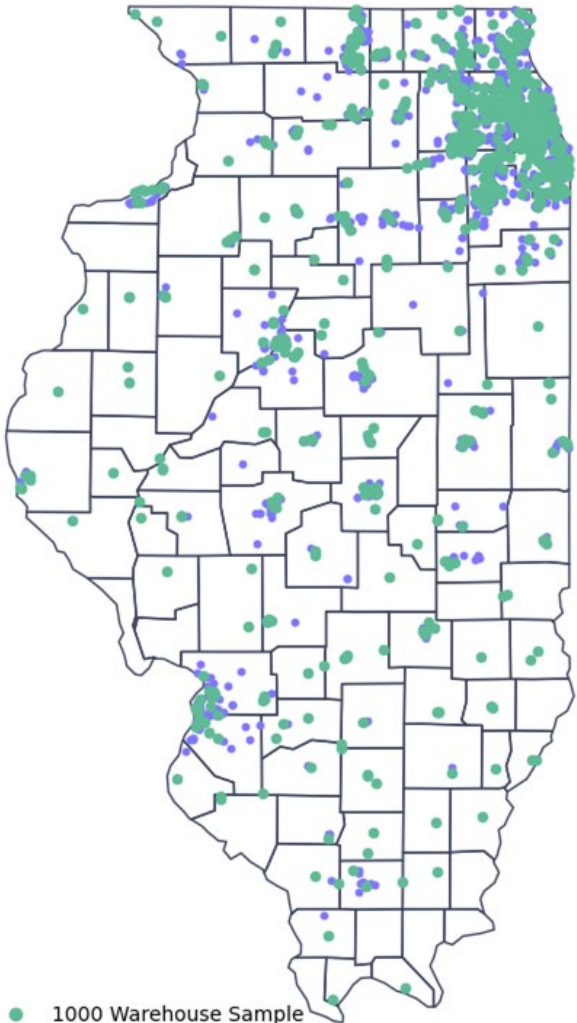


Warehouse Emissions =

- Medium- and Heavy-Duty Trucks*
- + On-Site Vehicles*
- + On-Site Building-Level Fuel Use*
- + Truck Refrigeration Units (TRUs)*



Project Methodology



● 1000 Warehouse Sample
● Warehouses over 50,000 square feet

Warehouse Emissions = *Medium- and Heavy-Duty Trucks*
+ *On-Site Vehicles*
+ *On-Site Building-Level Fuel Use*
+ *Truck Refrigeration Units (TRUs)*



Ambient Air quality and health impacts of PM_{2.5} from US residential wood combustion

Kyan K. Shlipak, Sara F. Camilleri, Victoria A. Lang, Anastasia Montgomery, Jordan L. Schnell, & Daniel E. Horton

Earth, Environmental, and Planetary Sciences, Northwestern University, Evanston, IL, USA

Residential Wood Combustion



Woodstoves



Fireplaces



Furnaces

Residential Wood Combustion

28%

Winter $\text{PM}_{2.5}$
Emissions (NEI)

Residential Wood Combustion

28%

Winter PM_{2.5}
Emissions (NEI)

2%
Primary Heating

8%
Secondary Heating

Residential Wood Combustion

28%

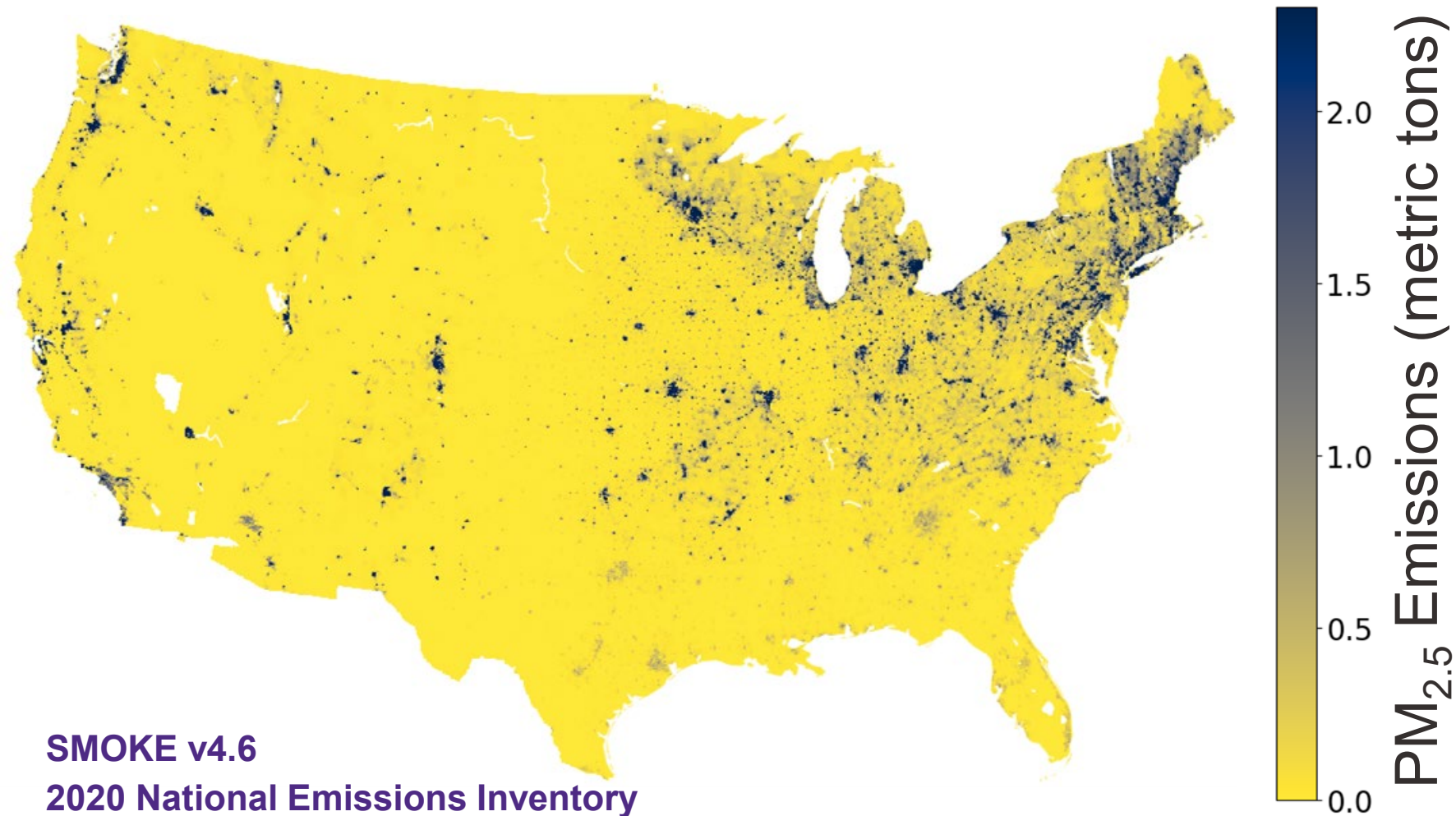
Winter PM_{2.5}
Emissions (NEI)

2%
Primary Heating

8%
Secondary Heating

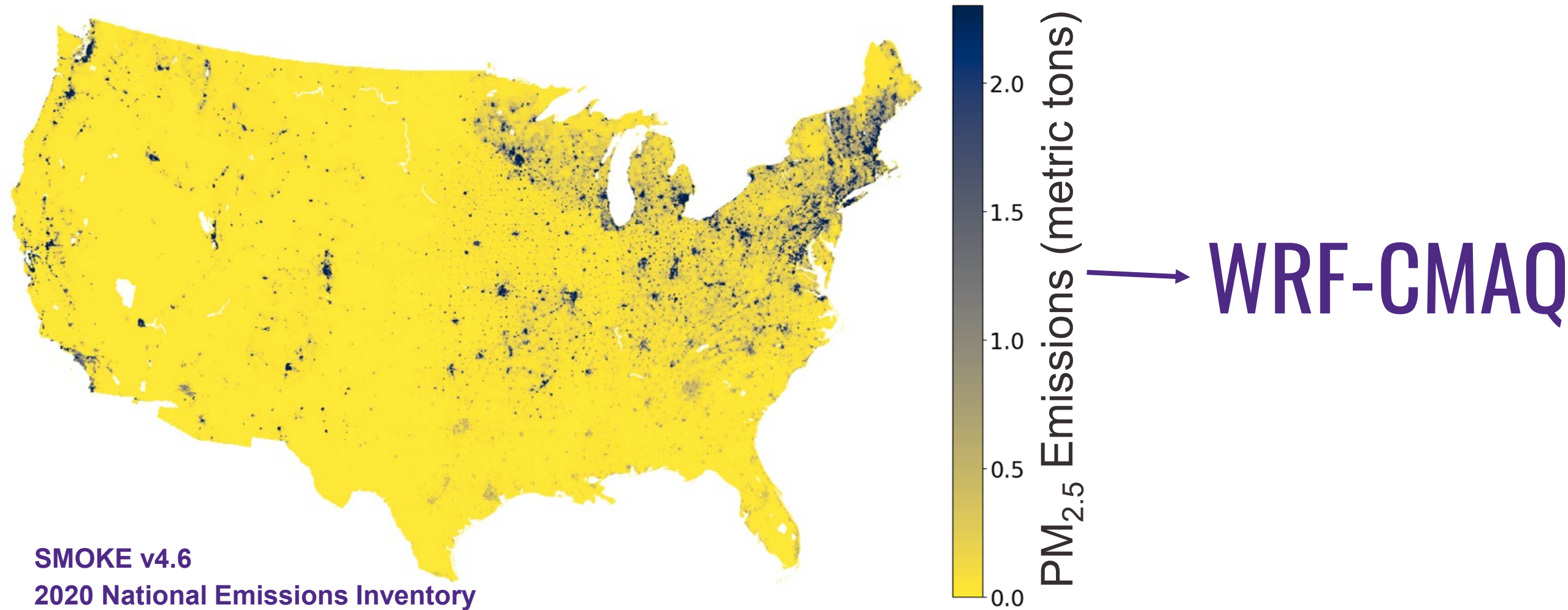
1. **Where** is the pollution
2. **What** are the impacts
3. **Who** is most impacted

How Much Pollution and Where?



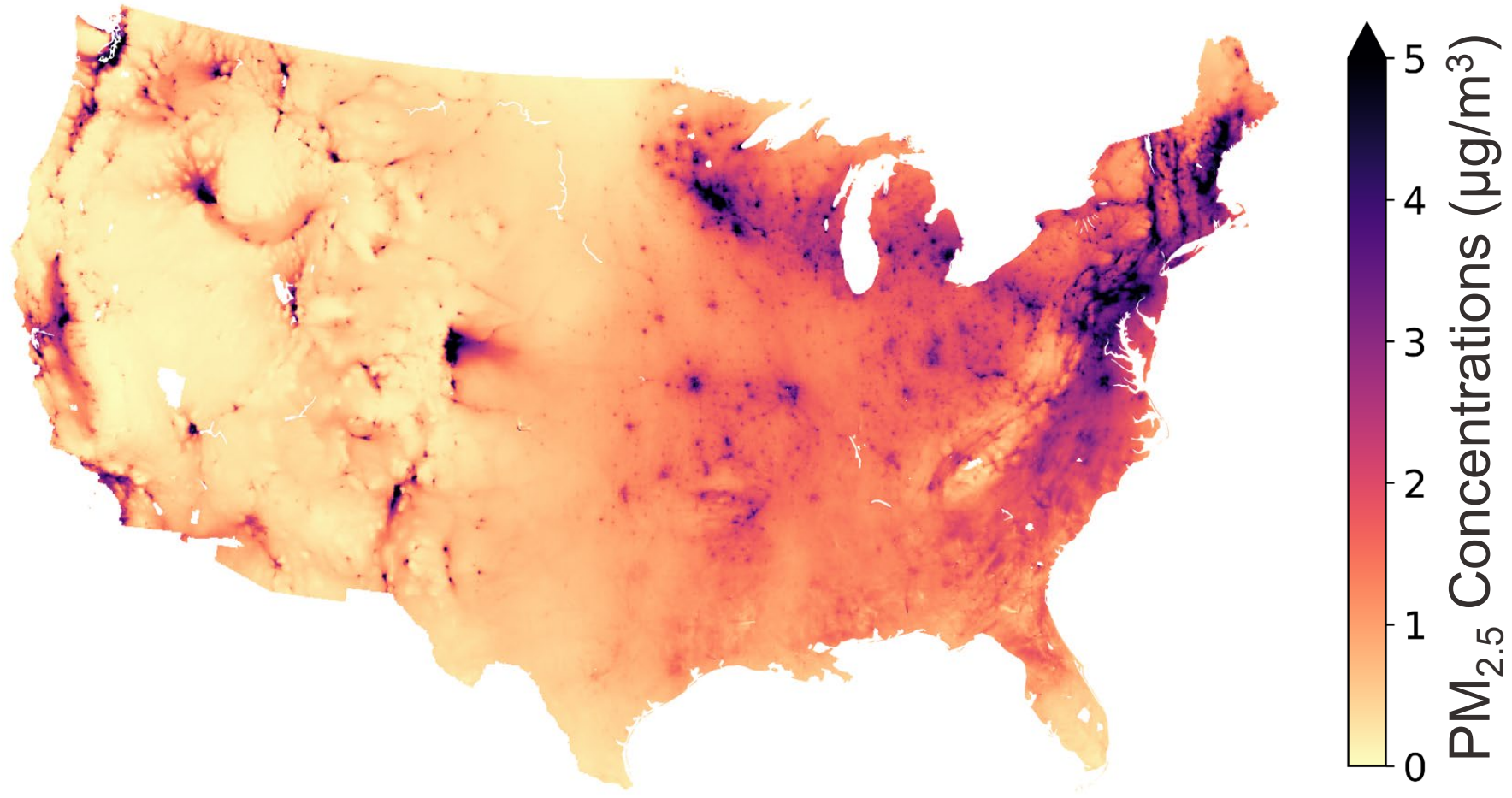
SMOKE v4.6
2020 National Emissions Inventory

How Much Pollution and Where?

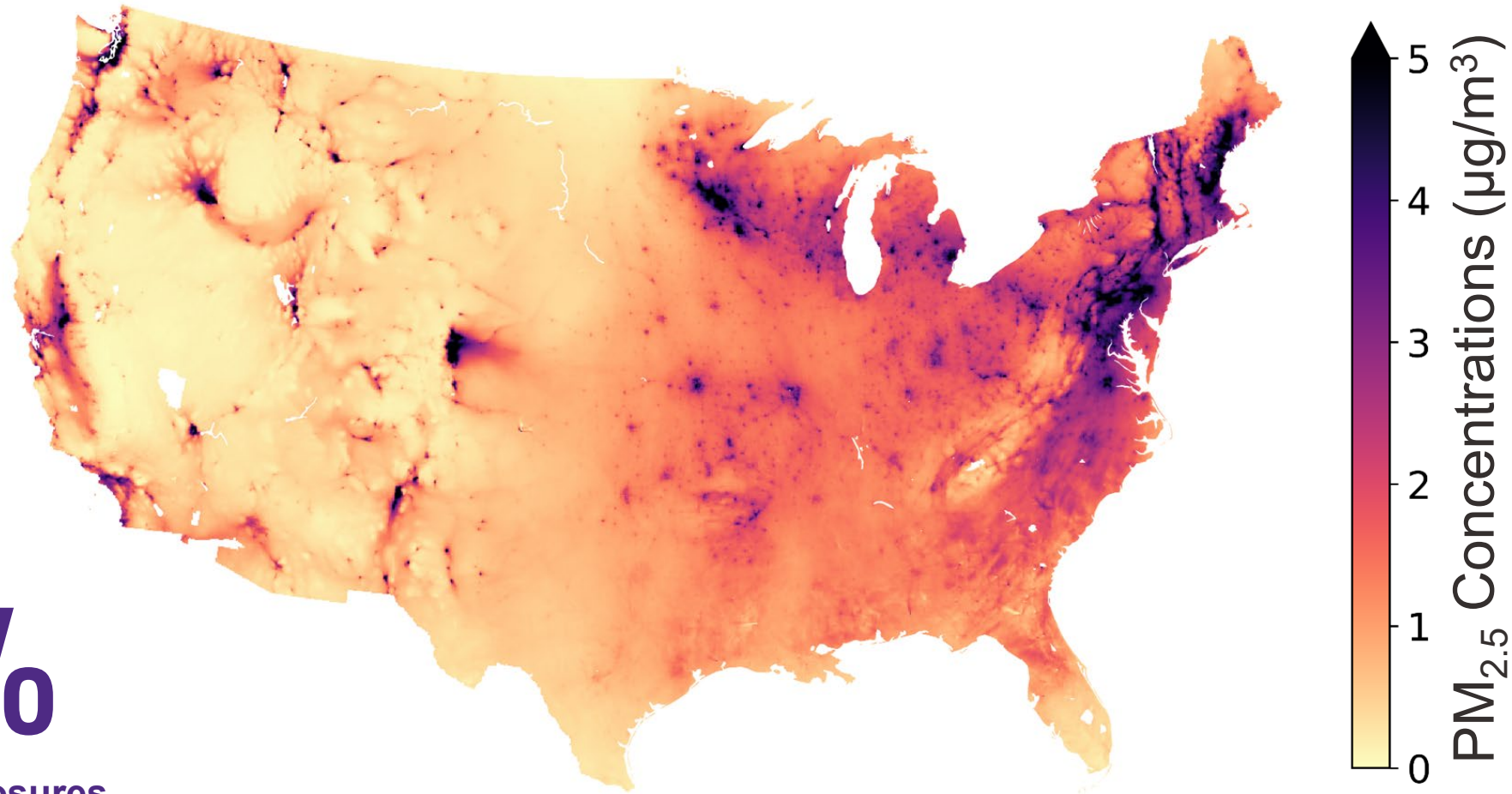


SMOKE v4.6
2020 National Emissions Inventory

How Much Pollution and Where?



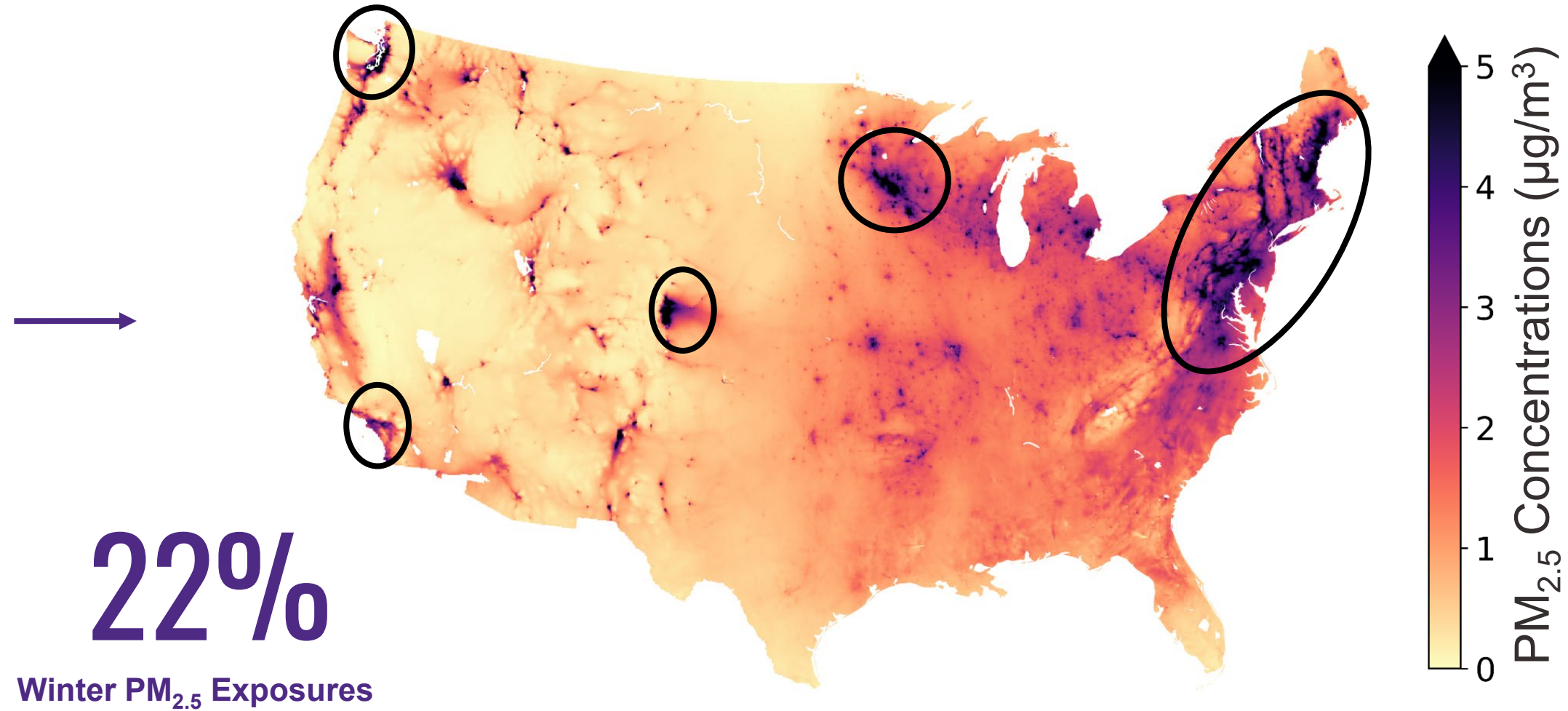
How Much Pollution and Where?



22%

Winter PM_{2.5} Exposures

How Much Pollution and Where?



Who is Impacted?

Baseline mortality data



CRF (Chen & Hoek 2020)

8,600

Winter Attributable
Mortalities

Who is Impacted?

Baseline mortality data

→
CRF (Chen & Hoek 2020)

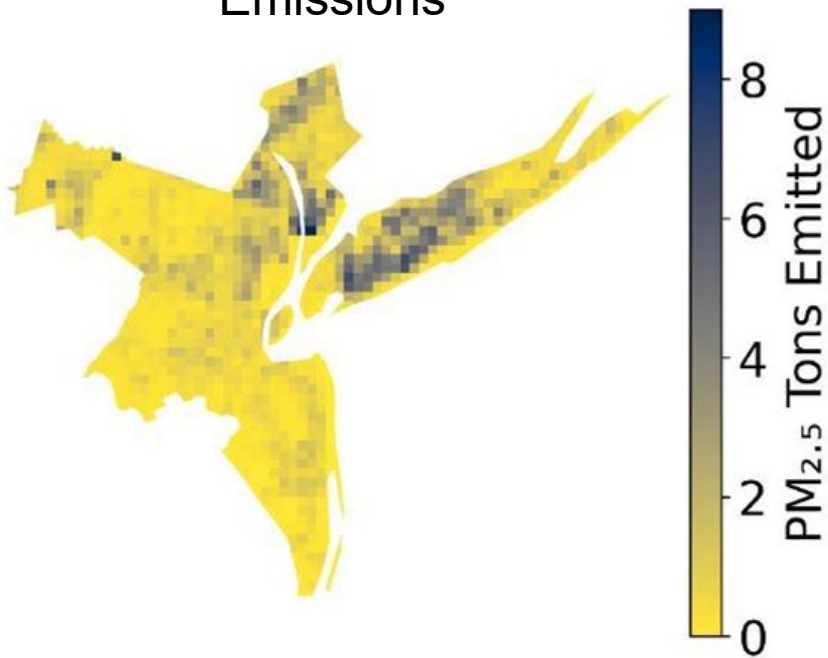
8,600

Winter Attributable Mortalities

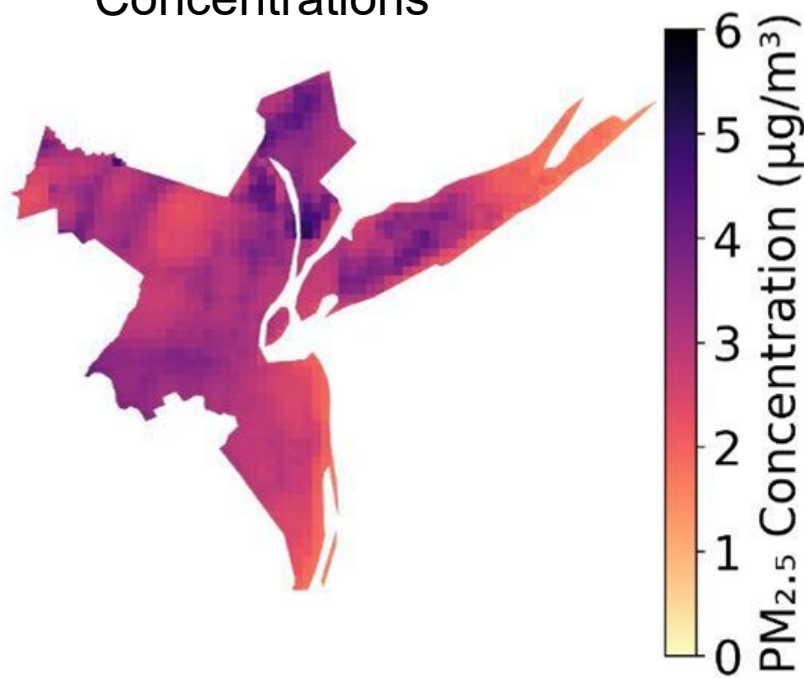
City	Attributable Mortalities
New York	545 (413, 610)
Philadelphia	308 (234, 345)
Los Angeles	300 (227, 336)

New York City Case Study

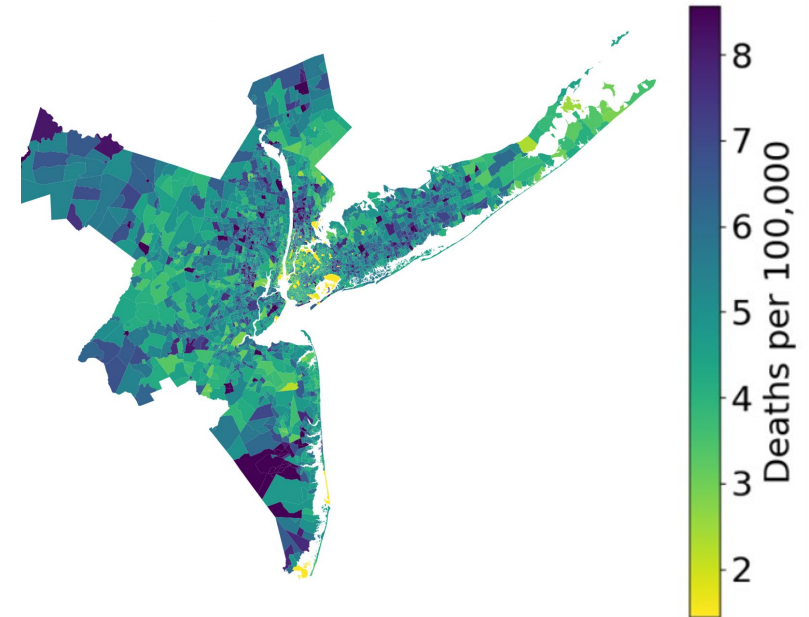
Emissions



Concentrations



Attributable Mortality Rate



Who is Impacted?

In the 20 most populated urban areas, people of color

Who is Impacted?

In the 20 most populated urban areas, people of color

$\frac{15}{20}$

Lower
emissions

Who is Impacted?

In the 20 most populated urban areas, people of color

$\frac{15}{20}$

**Lower
emissions**

$\frac{18}{20}$

**Higher
exposures**

Who is Impacted?

In the 20 most populated urban areas, people of color

$\frac{15}{20}$

Lower
emissions

$\frac{18}{20}$

Higher
exposures

$\frac{17}{20}$

Higher
mortality rates

Potential Mitigation Target

1. Little heat, lots of pollution
2. Residential wood burning contributes urban exposures
3. Thousands of deaths each winter
4. People of color bear a disproportionately large burden

**CLIMATE CHANGE
RESEARCH GROUP**

Northwestern University

Thank you!



Full Study

Walter Rosenblith New Investigator Award

Named for Professor Walter A. Rosenblith (1913-2002), who served as the first Chair of HEI's Research Committee, and then as a member of the HEI Board of Directors.

The purpose of the award is to bring new, creative investigators into active research on the health effects of air pollution. It provides three years of funding for studies relevant to HEI's research interests to investigators with outstanding promise at the Assistant Professor or equivalent level.



A prospective cohort study of air pollution and postpartum depression

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Background & objectives

- Postpartum (perinatal) depression (PPD) is common, consequential, and understudied
- Environmental exposures – including air pollution – could influence PPD pathophysiological mechanisms
- Existing epidemiologic studies limited



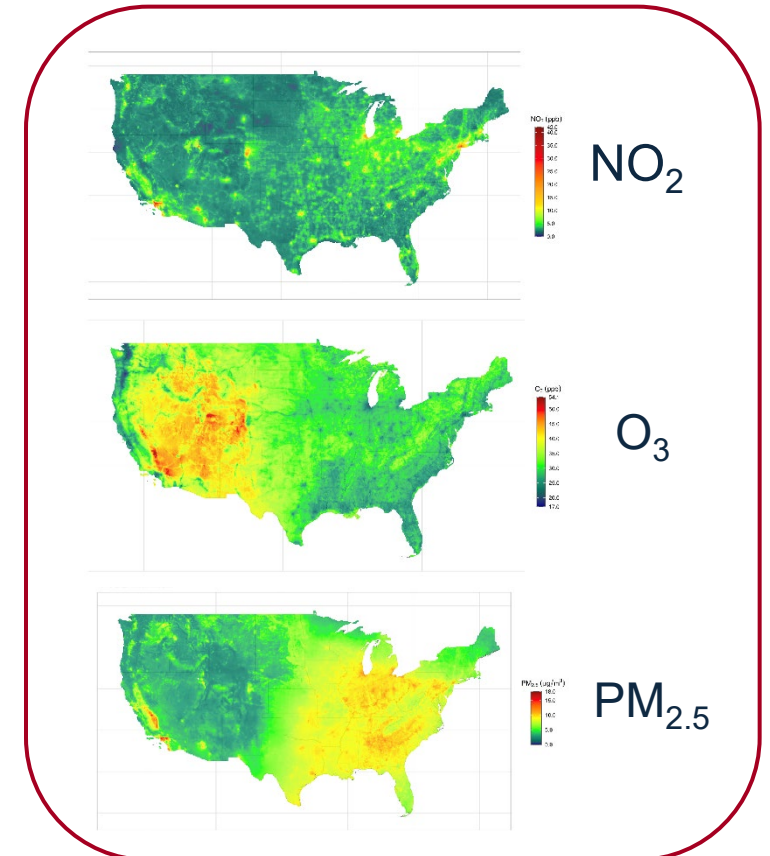
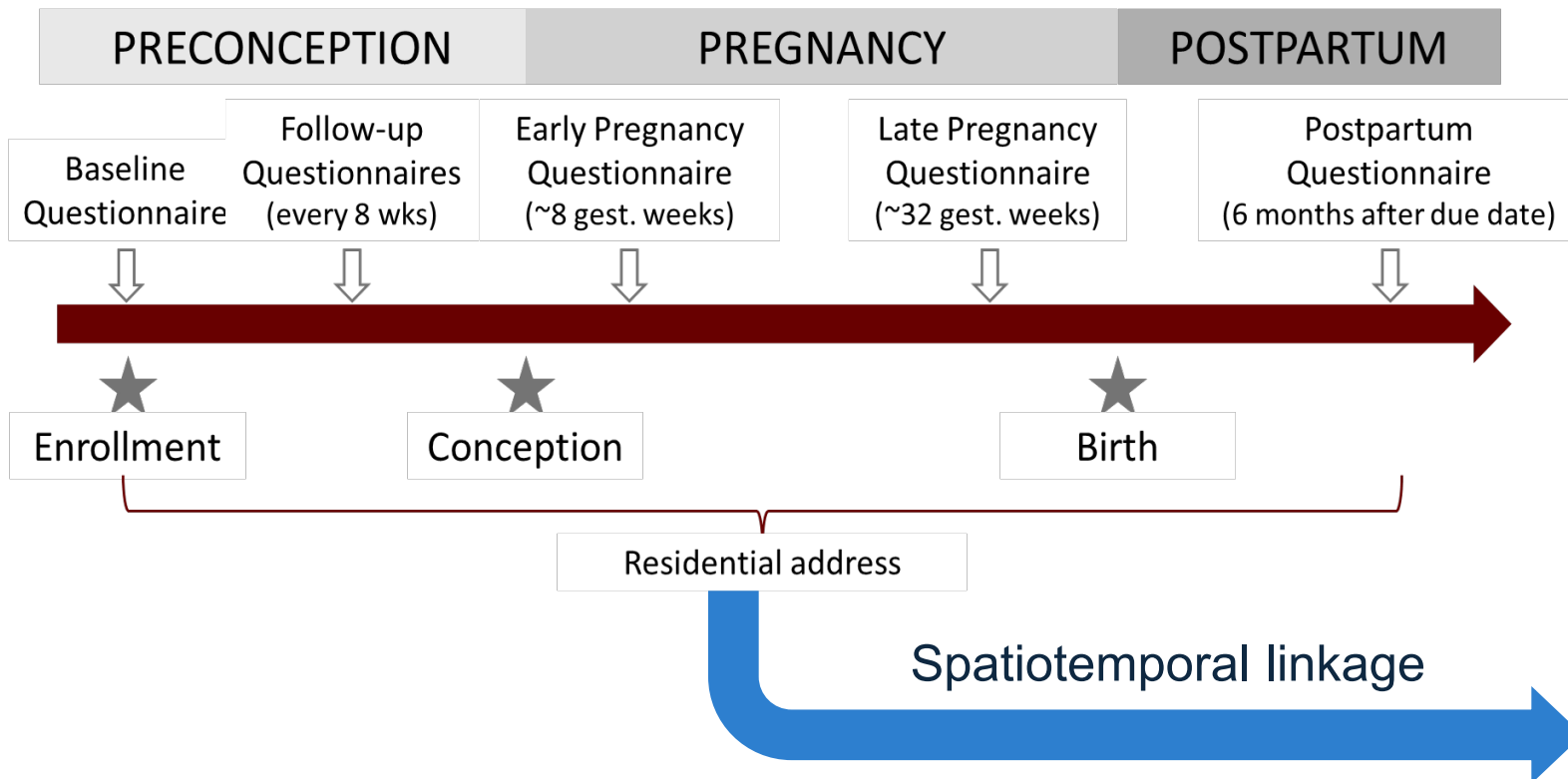
Bea Müller for the Washington Post

Objective: Assess the independent and joint effects of prenatal air pollution and heat on risk of PPD in a preconception cohort study

Pregnancy Study Online



- **Eligibility criteria:** aged 21-45 years, assigned female at birth, residing in U.S. or Canada, trying to conceive without fertility treatment



Approach

- Outcome: PPD, assessed via Edinburgh Postpartum Depression Scale score, self-reported doctor diagnosis, current treatment
- Exposures: Trimester-specific and gestational week-specific air pollutants ($PM_{2.5}$, NO_2 , O_3) and temperature metrics
- Covariates: individual-level variables from PRESTO questionnaires, geospatial data linked to residential address (e.g., green space, neighborhood disadvantage)
- Statistical models:
 - Modified Poisson regression
 - Distributed lag non-linear models
 - Probit Bayesian kernel machine regression

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PRESTO team

- Lauren Wise (PI)
- Kipruto Kirwa
- Mary Willis
- Kaylin Vrkljan
- Yael Nillni

UW collaborators

- Joel Kaufman

Funders



PRESTO participants

